Indian envoy arrives in Jeddah

BAHRAIN (R) — Indian foreign Ministry Secretary Romesb Bhandari arrived in Jeddah Thursday night carrying a message from Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to King Fabd, the Saudi Press Agency said. The agency did not elaborate on the contents of the message. Mr. Bhandari, whose country is current chairman of the Non-Aligned Movement, told Reuters earlier this week his tour was aimed at finding ways of solving Middle East problems, including the war between Iran and Iraq. He bas already visited Syria. Libya, Kuwait and Jordan and was due to go to Algeria and Lebanon. Mr. Bhandari said he would prepare a report on his tour for the Indian prime minister, who took the chair of the movement of non-aligned countries at its summit in New Delhi last March.



Soldiers of the multinational peacekeeping force in

Lebanon inspect the wreckage of a car in the par-

WASHINGTON(R) - President

Reagan announced Friday that

Philip Habib is leaving his post as

U.S. negotiator in the Middle East

for personal reasons and will be

replaced by Robert McFarlane.

now deputy national security aff-

Mr. Reagan made the ann-

ouncement in a statement to tep-

orters after meeting Lebanese

U.S. officials said later that Mr.

McFarlane plans to leave for the

Middle East in about a week's

time and expects to visit Syria.

They said Mr. Habib's dep-

Polish activists reassess

stand as martial law ends

WARSAW tRt - Top activists of the right to independent unions

Poland's banned Solidarity union. and gave workers a greater lev-

arture from the post did not mean

any fundamental change in U.S.

assessing their stand after Friday's

formal end to martial law, still

maintain their key aim of restoring

Lech Walesa, the Solidarity cha-

irman, said after Thursday's ann-

ouncement of a conditional amn-

esty for hundreds of political pri-

soners and lifting of military rule

he would consult other union fig-

ures before deciding how to res-

But he said it was still necessary

"to fight for our rights through peaceful methods." and "find

ways to implement the August.

These agreements established

1980 accords."

the right to free trade unions.

President Amin Gemayel.

among other countries.

v in the region.

Reagan talks with Gemayel,

replaces Habib with McFarlane

The officials said Mr. McF-

arlane would pursue the same goal

as Mr. Reagan and Mr. Habib -

securing the earliest possible wit-hdrawal of all foreign troops from

The announcement came as the

Reagan administration underwent

difficulty in making progress on its

Middle East policies, including its

goal of achieving a withdrawal of

all foreign forces from Lebanon.

he and Mr. Gemayel had dis-

did not go into specifics.

uring a troop withdrawal. But he

Mr. Gemayel thanked Mr.

Habih, a veteran diplomat whose

family is of Lebanese extraction.

erage over the communist aut-

horities. Their importance was

underlined by the Pope during his

leader. Zbigniew Bujak in War-

saw, said in a clandestine int-

ervlew that future opposition act-

ivity should be agreed on alter

talks with union activists in early

A senior Justice Ministry off-

icial said about SUO people under

investigation or sentenced for pol-

itical offences would fall under the

terms of the limited amnesty, hut

said 611 of 1911 actually serving sen-

tences would not be freed at this

The best-known underground

visit here last month.

Mr. Reagan told reporters that

Iraq says 1,000 Iranians killed

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq said its troops killed more than 1,000 Iranians Wednesday in the northern sector of the battlefront between the two countries in a fresh flare-up of the 34-month-old Gulf war. An Iraqi military spokesman said many Iranian soldiers had also been wounded or taken captive and large quantities of light and medium-sized weapons were seized intact. The fighting appeared to be in an area where Iran said Wednesday it had launched a raid into Iraqi territory against Kurdish rebels who Tehran claims are supported by Iraq. The spokesman said Thursday night corpses were still strewn over the battlefield, with substantial amounts of arms and equipment. An Iraqi war communique said Thursday night Iraqi jets and belicopter gunships bad carried out intensive raids on Iranian positions and troop concentrations on the northern front.

King, Queen return

Volume 8 Number 2318

AMMAN, SATURDAY JULY 23, 1983 -- SHAWWAL 13, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

king lot of Beirut International Airport which was

he had the fullest confidence in

Mr. Reagan's commitment to sec-

No details of Mr. Habib's rea-

sons for leaving the post were

immediately available, although

he has a history of heart trouble.

pull their forces out of Lebanon, recently refused to see Mr. Habib

in Damascus during his efforts to

Earlier this month. Secretary of

ascus for talks with President

persuade the Syrians to change

Nigerian

opposition

promises to

restore ties

with Israel

LAGOS (R) - Opposition pre-sidential candidate Nnamdi Azi-

kiwe was quoted Friday as saying

he would consider restoring dip-lomatic relations with Israel if he

won next month's Nigerian ele-

The News Agency of Nigeria

quoted Mr. Azikiwe, candidate of

the Nigerian People's Party

(NPP), as saying: "If I become president of Nigeria the way will

be open for diplomatic bargaining

Speaking at a news conference

in the northeastern city of Mai-

duguri on Wednesday. Mr. Azi-

kiwe added: "If it is found to be in

our national interests to do so, we

will recognise Israel, and if not, we

Mr. Azikiwe, the 78-year-old

first president of independent

Nigeria, said Israel had changed

some of the policies which caused

the members of the Organisation

of African Unity (OAU) to break

off ties with Israel following the

The agency report did not say

Mr. Azikiwe, a southern Chr-

istian, is not expected to defeat

incumbent President Shehu Sha-

gari, a northern Muslim, in the

presidential election on Aug. 6.

He said the kidnappers bad still

supplied no proof that Emanuela.

daughter of a Vatican messenger.

was alive. He refused to say how

many different people had tra-

nsmitted telephone messages on

A telephone caller to the Rome

daily Il Messaggero said a letter

received Thursday by the new-

spuper and hy the Italian news

The anonymous letter, sent

from Frankfurt. West Germany.

said that if Agea and another Turk, Serdar Celebi, held in Italy

in connection with the shooting of

the Pope, were not freed there

could be more incidents like the

kidnapping of Emanuela.

agency ANSA was genuine.

behalf of the kidnappers.

whether Mr. Azikiwe spelled out

1967 Arab-Israeli war.

what these changes were.

will not do so.

on the recognition of Israel."

pursue the troop withdrawal.

cussed "our next steps," for sec- .. State George Shultz visited Dam-

The Syrians, who are refusing to

uring peace in the region.

hit by heavy shelling Friday (A.P. wirephoto)

Aley explosion injures 11 Israelis

TEL AVIV (R) - Eleven Israeli soldiers were injured by a roa-dside explosion as their patrol passed through the Lebanese town of Aley an Israeli army spokesman said Thursday. The army was searching the area for suspects, the spokesman said.

Ansar detainee shot dead

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli soldiers shot dead a Palestinian prisoner and wounded two others while dispersing a violent demonstration Wednesday at Ansar prison camp in South Lebanon. an Israeli army spokesman said. Two Israeli soldiers were slightly injured when prisoners in the camp stoned them, the spokesman said, The Ansar prison camp was set up by Israel last summer to hold Palestinian guerrillas captured during Israel's invasion of Lebanon last year. It has held about 9,000 prisoners and about half that number remain today.

Abducted AUB president freed

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -A U.S. educator who was kidnapped a year ago from the campus of the American University of Beirut (AUB) has been released, according to an announcement issued by the White House Thursday. David Dodge was serving as acting president of the university when he was abducted July 19, 1982, The White House announcement said President Reagan was informed of Mr. Dodge's release Thursday morning. The announcement gave no details. But it did say that "the government of the United States is grateful to Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and to Dr. Rifa at Al Assad for the humanitarian efforts they undertook which led to Mr. Dodge's

Beirut awards major reclamation project

BEIRUT |R) - Lebanon's couned for development and reconstruction has awarded the country's largest-ever civil engincering project, a plan to reclaim a large coastal area for urban development, an official said. Two local businessmen will undertake the 1.71-billion-Lebanesepounds (\$391.8 million) project. Salah Bouraad, the council's director of programmes, told Reuters. The contractors will pay for the venture themselves, and in return will receive 719,000 square metres of the reclaimed area. The rest of the land will go to the gov-

TASS says Israel may annexeS.Lebanon

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet news agency TASS said Friday that Israel intended to keep troops in southern Lebanon for years and may even be planning to annexe the territory. Commenting on Israel's planned withdrawal to the southern Lebanese border region. the official agency said its forces were already making logistical preparations for a long stay. TASS said officers had been lecturing local inhabitants that the Israeli army would stay put "for at least five years" and telling them to get accustomed to the idea. "Obs-

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Twelve reported killed

Shells pound Beirut airport

BEIRUT (R) — Twelve people were reported killed Friday in shellfire that crashed on Beirut International Airport and raked the predominantly Christian heartlands in the eastern half and northern suburbs of Lebanon's capital.

Beirut Radio said 11 people died and at least 25 were wounded as artillery fire rained down from

the mountains east of the city. city's airport, its lifeline to the outside world, one man was killed and ghbours. four Lebanese and two American soldiers were wounded.

The onslaught on the rightist sident Amin Gemayel conferred with President Reagan at the White House in Washington.

On Thursday, Mr. Gemayel accused Syria of "terrorism" against Lebanon and appeared to threaten retaliation against Dam-

Rightists and Druze militias meanwhile fought artillery duels in the bills outside Beirut.

The shelling of east Beirut and nearby coastal and hillside areas stopped shortly before 5 p.m. (1500 GMT) after a ceasefire agreement which the Israeli occupation forces apparently helped to create.

But a Reuter correspondent said he heard five shells land, apparently in east Beirut, after 7 p.m. (1700 GMT).

The rightist Falangist radio, in a news flash, said at least nine shells had hit east Beirut and surrounding areas up the coast and in the hills after that time.

Earlier, an Israeli military spokesman said: "The IDF (Israeli Defence Forces) made every effort lo arrange a ceasefire which went into effect at 1640 (1440

The Falangist radio said one person had been killed in the Mansouriyeb district, on the hil-Iside southeast of the capital, in the renewed shelling.

Among the places hit in the new bombardment was Bikfaya, a hillside resort northeast of Beirut where President Gemayel and other members of his family have

The Lebanese said the bombardment of Beirut airport had come from the Druze township of Shweifat, which overlooks the air-And in a fierce barrage on the port and is regularly involved in artillery duels with its rightist nei-

Officials said four Lebanese soldiers and two American servicemen attached to the intareas came as Lebanon's Pre- emational peacekeeping force

were wounded in the attack. The bombardment forced staff at the airport control tower to flee for cover. The airport was shut down for a time. Incoming flights were diverted to Cyprus.

Public Works Minister Pierre Khoury said on Beirut Radio that there had been some damage to the terminal.

The Falangist radio said 13 cars were wrecked as shells crashed into the car park.

This is situated next to the normally crowded area just outside the passenger arrivals terminal. The Lebanese army and men of

the four-country multinational peacekeeping force were on full alert in the area, which is in the

Stray shells and grenades from clashes involving rival Lebanese But Friday's, shelling was the worst it has suffered for some

Beirut airport is the home base of Middle East Airlines (MEA). the Lebanese national carrier, and the shelling occurred as many flights from Europe and elsewhere in the Middle East were scheduled

Later state-run Beirut Radio said clashes were going on between villages south of Beirut where the Shouf mountains reach the sea.

Beirut radio said the fighting south of the capital broke out in an area seven kilometres from the devastated port of Damour.

Arafat says joint attacks forced Israeli pull back

Craxi makes good start

to form Rome coalition

eration Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat said Thursday that Israel's decision to redeploy its forces in Lebanon was the result of joint Palestinian-Lebanese attacks.

"Israel's recourse to this decision is the result of an intensified war of aurition by joint Palestinian and Lebanese forces. which forced the invading forces to withdraw to the real lines." he told Palestinian teachers in South Yemen.

Israel decided Wednesday to redeploy its forces along a new defence line in southern Lebanon. a move which Lebanon said would lead to the effective partition of the country.

Mr. Arafat, inaugurating a Palestinian teachers' conference, stressed the importance of Palestinian resistance both inside and

ROME (R) - Italian Socialist

Party leader Bellino Craxi.

newly-appointed prime

minister-designate, got off to an

apparently good start Friday as he

began negotiations for a new, pot-

After a two-hour meeting with

nim. Christian Democrat leader

Ciriaco de Mita told reporters he

(Mr. De Mita) had reiterated his

willingness to participate in a new

five-party coalition, adding he and Mr. Craxi had discussed broad

"I believe we'll meer again on

Wednesdny and then we'll eva-

luate the proposal that the prime

minister-designate will make." he

political conditions for this.

entially durable government.

ADEN (R) - Palestine Lib- outside Israeli-held Arab lands. "If Arab steadfastness during the Israeli invasion of Lebanon in June last year had been turned into full Arab retaliation, victory in the battle of Beirut would have been that of the Arahs," he said.

The Israeli invasion led to the evacuation of Mr. Arafai and thousands of Palestinian fighters to several Arab countries, including

The Palestinian revolution under the PLO's leadership will continue with greater determination until we hoist the flag of the revolution on the walls of Al Oods (Jerusalem)." Mr. Arafat

vir. Arafai, who arrived in Aden on Monday after visiting neighbouring North Yemen, also urged Palestinian unity, an apparent reference to the mutiny in his Fateh commando group.

said, adding he felt positive about

the opening stages of the bid to

form Italy's first Socialist-led coa-

Mr. Craxi. 49, was aiming to

group his party with the Christian

Democrats and the smaller Social

Democrats, liberals and Rep-

ublicans of Giovanni Spadolini,

who headed two successive gov-

ernments with the same line-up in

Mr. Craxi was due to consult all

Socialist President Sandro Per-

tini. 86. asked Mr. Craxi to form

Italy's 44th postwar government

parties during the next two days

about his coalition project.

the last parliament.

Thursday evening.

not to block Madrid pact MADRID (Rt - East and West had heen agreed to apply max-Friday stepped up pressure on Malia to withdraw its veto that has imum pressure on Malta.

ROME (Rt - The lamily of schoolgirl Emanuela Orlandi Friday and post office box number it.

Emanuela."

ransom said:

Pressure high on Malta

held up formal agreement at the 35-state European security con-ference for one week, delegates

The delegates agreed if necessary to work through the weekend and during a public holiday here on Monday in an attempt to wear down Malta which is holding out for a follow-up conference on security in the Mediterranean.

West German Ambassador loorg Kasıl discussed the issue with Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Kovalev and told reporters that it

told her kidnappers to address any gave.

lurther message about her to their

An uncle of the 15-year-old girl

told a press conference no mes-

sage had been received since

Wednesday midnight--the dea-

dline set by the kidnappers for the

release of Mehmet Ali Agea, the

Turk serving a life sentence for

lt is not known whether they

have carried out their threat to kill

the girl if Agea was not freed.

A family statement broadcast on television informed "the

person persons or group holding

Emanuela" to address any lurther

communications to Rome lawyer much bigger than us."

counding Pope John Paul.

· Both amhassadors expressed

concern that the Maltese filibuster could endanger the hard-won agreement here on a concluding document that contains human rights' undertakings and establishes a ealendar of follow-up meetings. Rules of the conference, which

has spent three years reviewing the 1975 Helsinki accords on security and cooperation in Europe. require consensus of all participants before the document is formally adopted and final arrangements are made for a closing session in September.

The statement, also distributed

to the press in Italian and English,

said: "The above lawyer is our

clinice as the only authorised ren-

resentative in all matters con-

nected with the disappearance of

Mr. Meneguzzi said the family

had received no demands for

money and when asked whether

the appointment of a lawyer was in

expectation of negotiations over a

that. II something does come up it

is obvious that it is something

"We haven't thought about

Vatican kidnappers asked to contact lawyer

rsday at the end of a private visit to -France and Spain which lasted in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ihn several days. The King and Queen were met with the King. at Amman airport by His Hig-

hness Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, Acting Prime Minister Adnan Abu Odeh, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, cabinet min- cabinet.

AMMAN (Petra) - Their Maj- isters, senior officials, the Spanish esties King Hussein and Queen ambassador and the French cha-Noor returned to Amman Thu- rge d'affaires in Amman.

Armed Forces Commander-Shaker also returned to Amman

Badran returns

Prime Minister Mudar Badran Tarawneh, Royal Court Chief also returned to Amman Thu-Ahmad Al Lawzi, the acting Spe-rsday at the end of a private visit to aker of the National Consultative Europe. The prime minister was Counci. Court Minister Amer met at the airport by Royal Court Khammash, Chief Chamberlain Chief Lawzi and members of the

PLO executive members to hold meeting in Tunis

AMMAN (R) - The Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will meet in Tunis Friday to discuss Palestinian and Arab issues, Palestinian sources said. ...

They said the two-day meeting would also consider whether to call a special conference of the Palestine National Council (Palestinian parliament-in-exile). PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat

arrived in Tunis from Aden Friday after a four-day visit to south Yemen.

Three members of the PLO

Executive Committee based in Amman--Hamed Abou Sitta. Abdul Rahim Ahmad and Hannah Nasir--left here Friday to attend the Tunis meeting.

The Executive Committee bas met several times since a muliny broke out in Mr. Arafat's Fatch guerrilla group. The rebellion has also embittered relations between Mr. Arafat and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

Mr. Arafat was expelled from Damascus after he had accused Syria of backing the rebels. Syria has denied the charge.

Arab League to mediate in Arafat-Syrian conflict

Secretary-General Chadli Klibi. supported by Algeria and Saudi Arabia, is to undertake a mediation mission between Syria and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat.

Hafez Al Assad but was unable to vir. Klibi said in a press statheir stance on the Lebanese troop tement late Thursday night that ting between him. Algerian Foreign Vinister Ahmad Taleb Ibrahimi, and the Saudi foreign min-

> conciliation committee, set up after an Arab summit in Amman in 1980 to help resolve intra-Arab differences.

TUNIS (R) - Arab League anisation (PLO) and to report as soon as possible.

Arab League since Vr. Arafat was

ister. Prince Saud Al Faisal. They decided to revive their three-member Arab League's

The committee asked Mr. Klibi in contact the leaders of Syria and the Palestipe Liberation Org-

It will be the first formal action undertaken by the 21-member

expelled from Damascus a month ago after having accused Syria of supporting a rebellion against his authority within movement

Mr. Klibi did not specify whether he would meet Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and PLO Chairman Arafat.

Arab sources said the lormula of a restricted Arab League forum to help settling the Syrian-Palestinian dispute has been preferred to an extraordinary Arab summit, unlikely to achieve much result in the present cir-

Controversial PLO leaders replaced in Bekaa Valley

TRIPOLI (Agencies) - Two top laced by a Vlajor Abboud, the guerrilla commanders whose apppintment sparked a revolt in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) against its leader. Yasser Arafat, have been replaced, Pulestinian sources said earlier this

They said Abu Hajem. commander of forces in east Lebanon for Mr. Arafat's mainstream Fatch group in the PLO, had been replaced by Major Aladdin Hus-

Hajj Ismail was removed from his post as commander of a key Fatch fighting section in Lebanon. the Al Qastal forces, and was rep- was not pursuing a tough line.

sources said. The new appointments were decided at the highest level over two weeks ago, but announced to Fateh fighters only two days ago by Mr. Arafai's military deputy.

sources added.

'The move appeared to be a major concession to rebels within Fatch who musined two months ago after the appointment of Ahu Hajem and Hajj Ismail, accusing the two men of cowardice during the Israeli invasion of Lebanon last summer and saying Vir. Arafat

Khalil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad), the

Hebron market reopens After the murder of seminary

ULASIS IR the Israel: arny allowed Arab nerchants to open vegetable stalls in the central narker of the occupied of est Bank own at tlehron triday for the first. one since a Jew was killed there ivii weeks ago.

l'mops sei up ca nom l'ebron's ous station and declared it a closed nilitary area, apparently to avoid imuble between Arah residents and lewish settlers.

Hebron has been the scene of clashes between the residents and ultra-nationalisi settlers (vho say they have a Biblical right to the

Student Aharon Citoss, the forcit was under interinteen curiew for To days and the narker was shut until) ri.lay. the seniers are de nanding the bus station be turned over to the n-

so they can set up settle nems mere. Elsewhere in the Acst Bank.

military officials closed off three entrances to the Jalazoun retugee. camp, apparently to punish residents for stoning an army patrol two days ago. A soldier received serious head wounds in the inc-

SUMMER EXHIBITION OF SOVIET BOOKS

From: 23 to 27 July, 1983 University of Jordan Library New Books - Reduced prices

lawyer.

France asks Iran for better protection against ASALA

TEHRAN (R) - The French charge d'affaires in Iran said Friday he would seek more protection from the Iranian authorities for French institutions here following Armenian guerrilla attacks against French targets in Tehran Thursday night.

The charge d'affaires, Jean Perrin, told Reuters the guerrillas had threatened further attacks when they phoned a French news agency here to claim responsibility for bombs which damaged the embassy commercial section and the Air France office. There were no casualties.

Mr. Perrin said the guerrillas. who said they were from the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA). warned they would mount bigger attacks unless France released 51 Armenians detained after last week's Orly bomb attack on a Furkish airlines check-in counter.

Seven people died and a number were wounded as a result of the blast, for which ASALA claimed responsibility.

"This is a good reason for us to ask for more protection." Mr. Perrin said. He added that because of the viuslim weekend today, he would probably present his request Saturday.

vlr. Perrin said he had already

asked for extra protection Thursday after the embassy received a telephone call from ASALA and the French news agency two calls warning that the guerrillas pla-nned to attack French targets.

Despite this, staff at the embassy commercial section, a villa in north Tehran, said the building had been guarded as usual by only three watchmen employed by the embassy.

The first bomb appeared to have been placed at the foot of the metal entrance door in the villa's garden wall. The charge, apparently quite small, buckled the bottom of the door and shot several metal splinters through windows of the villa and a building

across the street. Commercial officer Cyrille Vlakhroti said the second bomb had been tossed over the wall a couple of minutes later. It landed and exploded in the garden of the villa next door.

vir. Makhroff said the police

they had been home made.
One of his staff said the watchman at the next-door villa had seen two men ride away on a molorcycle after the blasts. Little damage

The bomb at the Air France office, on the ground floor of a building in central Tehran, shattered two plate-glass windows but appeared to have caused little other damage.

A policeman was standing guard on the office Friday, but it was not clear whether anyone had been on duty there Thursday

Mr. Perrin said the Air France office had been bombed twice before by Armenian guerrillas, in 19x1 and last year.

Iran has a large Armenian community estimated by diplomais to number at least 200,000, many of them in Tehran and the central city of Isfahan.

The French request for extra protection in Tehran comes at a time when Franco-Iranian relations are badly strained. France has provided extensive support for Iraq: Iran's opponent in the Gulf war, while Tehran has also accused France of collusion in the hijacking of an Iranish jumbo jet to told him the bombs looked as if Paris two weeks ago.



STILL ALIVE: Surrounded by their Israeli Defence Forces Liaison officers, two smiling rightwing gunmen, their broken parts tied and bandaged, await fur their exchange. Three dead and nine living Druze were exchanged fur 4 living Christians. (A.P. wirephoto)

N DJAMENA (R) - Chadian over the past two weeks and most The president returned to the analysts here now believe they will front two days ago after spending

Chad forces mop up rebels

government forces were eliminating pockets of resistance around the small northern town of Fada before moving on the rebel stronghold of Faya-Largeau, informed military sources said here Thursday night.

The government of President Hissene Habre has so far remained silent on its expected drive against the Oasis town, some NOO kilometres oortheast of N'djamena and 300 kilometres oorthwest of Fada.

Government forces have recantured much of eastern Chad from the Libyan-backed rebels

Largeau.

The town has served as former President Goukouni Oueddei's rebel headquarters since he captured it on June 24 at the start of a military campaign to unseat the Habre government.

Mr. Habre's ill-equipped forces area of eastern Chad. suffered severe reverses in the first two weeks of Mr. Oueddei's camitary supplies from France they

try to maintain their advantage a few days in the capital but infand head soon towards Faya- ormation Minister Soumaila Mahamat declined to say whether this meant an offensive on Faya-Largeau was imminent.

However, he disclosed a mass grave containing the bodies of 30 government officers and noncommissioned officers was found earlier this week in the Abeche

He said they had been executed by retreating rebel soldiers on inspaign. but with an injection of milhe promised to take journalists to have recaptured much of the gro- the scene. Abeche was recaptured by Mr. Habre's on July 11.

Lebanon to get about \$ 225 million

PARIS (R) - Lebanon is to receive aid of around \$225 million for high priority elements of its plan for post-war reconstruction. the country's Council for Development and Reconstruction (CDR1 President, Muhammad Attalah, said Thursday.

He told a press conference after a two-day meeting of donor countries under World Bank auspices that formal commitments had not yel been made but the aid could be considered fixed.

It is to come in the form of a soft loan from the World Bank in collaboration with donor countries and other organisations.

Diplomatic sources said the World Bank would provide \$100 other donors, as well as the loan's over eight or nine years.

Mr. Attalah listed other countries which may take part in the loan as Britain, Canada, France. Italy, Japan. and West Germany. plus the European Community. the European Investment Bank and the United Nations Dev- ght from other countries.

elopment Programme (UNDP).

The projects to be funded by the loan will include re-establishing water supplies, and telecommunications and improving health care, principally in the Beirut area where security is less of a problem than elsewhere, the sources said.

Mr. Attalah said the withdrawai of foreign troops from Lebanon is the major condition for starting million and the United States at the CDR's reconstruction proleast 50 million, but the exact gramme for the whole country. sums which would come from expected to cost \$16 to 17 billion

Mr. Attalah said the total reconstruction cost was beyond Lebanon's own resources and beyond its capacity to borrow, so part of the money would have to come from donations, soft loans and export credits on equipment bou-

The CDR's reconstruction report says the Lebanese government will be able to provide around 53 billion from revenues and internal borrowing.

Mr. Attalah said Lebanon would call a second donors' meeting towards the end of the year to discuss raising another soft loan for further projects.

Also represented at the meeting were Austria, Belgium, the Netherlands. Sweden. the Saudi Fund for Development and the intemational Monetary Fund.

Turkey asks France to extradite 11 Armenians

ANKARA IRI - Turkey Thuraday requested the extradition from France of 11 Armenians with furkish passports held after a bomb attack at Paris Orly Airport last Friday, a loreign ministry spokesman said.

"Il these II terrorists are to be expelled from France, they should be returned to Turkey." the spokesman said.

Seven people have died as a result of the blast, in which nearly 60 people were also injured. French police said Syrian-born Armenian had contessed to planting the bomb, which devastated the Turkish airlines check-in cou-

rmy relations, neighbouring Tun-

Tunisian Prime Minister Moh-

ammed Mzali said Thursday after

returning from a two-day joint

commission meeting in Tripoli

that cooperation with Libya was

now lounded on solid ground and

based on a long-term. well-

A commission communique on

Wednesday night covered coo-peration in trade, industry, com-

munications. labour. agriculture.

President Habib Bourguiba.

whose moderate views on world

and Middle East affairs have often

education and foreign policy.

planned programme.

is months ago.

nter at Orly.

French police rounded up 51 Armenian activists immediately after the bombing. Police sources said about 20 of those detained were suspected of forming a support network for the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA) and could be expelled from France.

The bomb attack tollowed the murder in Brussels of Turkish dip-

lomat Dursun Aksoy on July 14. Furkish Foreign Minister Iller Furkmen, speaking at a state funeral lor Mr. Aksoy in Ankara I'hursday, called on all countries out by desperadoes." to join in a fight against all types of

Libyan leader Col. Muammar

Vir. Vizali said the immediate

results of the meeting were that

trade links would be expanded.

Libya would participate in ind-

ustrial projects in Tunisia, a road

linking the two countries would be

upgraded and a joint investment

bank would be set up in Tunis with

a capital of 100 million Tunisian

Reconciliation between Libya

and Tunisia stems from a visit to

Tunis in February last year by Col.

Qadhafi, whom Tunisian leaders

have accused in the past of trying

Friday, Col. Oadhafi was due in

to destabilise their country.

Mauritania.

dinars (\$145 million).

terrorist activity.

day.

Armenian congress opens LAUSANNE (R) - The second

world Armenian congress opened in Lausanne Thursday amid continuing repercussions from recent attacks claimed by Armenian ext-

The organiser of the congress. Father James Karnusian, described the Orly airport bombing in an interview with Reuters as "a shocking, terrible attack carried

He said he leared the congress

Oatari military sources said Fri-

a Soviet-made KB-1, appeared to

have drifted from the Iran-Iraq

war zone and had probably ori-

The sources said the mine. con-

taining 20 kilogrammes of TNT.

was defused at 15fitt local time

(1200) GMTt Thursday, six hours

This was the first official con-

since the U.S. Defence Mapping

Agency in Washington issued

ginally been laid by Irac.

after its discovery.

They said the mine, described as

Qatar looks for mines

BAHRAIN (R1 - Qatar con- floating in the waterway.

tinued the search for explosive The military sources said the

mines in the Gulf following the mine was spotted by a helicopter.

discovery of a Soviet-made mine KII kilometres off its northeast

off its north-east coast Thursday. coast. during a regular rec-

could be the target of extremists. But security was strict and the meeting opened without incident to about [10] delegates.

In his opening speech. Father Karnusian. a 57-year-old Swiss Armenian pastor, called on the Armenian community to unite and bury its political, religious and geographical differences in the name of the Armenian cause.

The Lausanne meeting aims at creating an internationally recognised organisation linking diverse groups of the scattered Armentan community around the

onnaissance flight to monitor a

huge oil slick flowing from sha-

ttered Iranian oil wells in the Gulf.

The search was continuing, they

Gulf shipping sources said

vionday that a search was und-

erway off Saudi Arabia for drifting

mines reported to have been seen

in the viscinity of the big Ras Tan-

Shipping in the area, including

Gulf, have been on the alert since

the report from the U.S. agency.

ura oil terminal.

Iranian team fails to solve Haj dispute

grimage.

published in the Tehran daily Jomhouri Eslami, said the Saudi government had rejected its proposals on problems related to this September's Haj (pilgrimage) and lodgings for the pilgrims.

The statement, which did not

Iran's parliamentary speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani. said Thursday the Mecca shrine belonged to all viuslims and preventing visits by Iranian pilgrims would have "very serious rep-ercussions." the national news agency IRNA reported.

Two weeks ago. Iran delivered a formal protest to Saudi Arabia over its failure to issue visas to 60 Iranian officials who wanted to arrange accommodation for the

allowed entry had not been able to arrange any accommodation because of "a lack of cooperation ... "

TEHRAN (R) - An Iranian delegation sent to Saudi Arabia was quoted Thursday as saying it had returned home after failing to solve a dispute over arrangements for an expected 95,(WK) Iranians to make the annual Mecca pil-

The delegation, in a statement

disclose the proposals, said: "Unfortunately the Saudi Arabian government, despite its responsibility towards the pilgrims of the holy house of God. rejected the requests."

The protest said the 10 officials

Mubarak backs Palestinian governmen CAIRO (R) - President Hosni Mubarak said Thursday than ior official in the Palestine Libtoration of peace" in the Middle

Egypt supports the formation of a Palestinian government in exile. Mr. Mubarak, addressing a rally

on the 31st anniversary of the July 1952 revolution demanded the withdrawal of Israeli forces from the occupied West Bank. Gaza Strip and the Golan Heights, and called for the pullout of all foreign forces from Lebanon.

"Egypt supports the formation of a Palestinian government in international support for the peaceful objectives of the Palestinian people to participate in the res-

East, Vr. Mubarak said. offer to be host to such a gov-

ernment In a wide-ranging speech Mr. Mubarak said Egypt was following the war in Chad with great concern and implicitly called for an end to Libyan backing of the rebel forces of former President Gou-

kouni Oueddei. We appeal to those who try to intensify conflicts and dissent among the people of that nation to exile. capable of winning a wider revise their attitude." he said.

The establishment of a Pal-

eration Organisation (PLO), sig-He did not refer to his earlier analling a possible shift in PLO pol-PLO executive member Mah-

moud Abbas, better known as Abu Mazen, was quoted as saving that the formation of such a goverument was a good idea in the present situation. In an apparent reference to Mr.

Arafat's charges that Syria was meddling in PLO affairs by backing the rebels. Mubarak said Egypt supports "the freedom of the Palestinian people to move towards peace in order to realise estinian government in exile was their legitimate rights. Including backed earlier this month by a sen- self-determination."

16 Greeks lost in gale

ATHENS (R) - Fishing boats. Volos area and 13 near Salonica.

1 ugs. naval ships and helicopters

The storm also whipped up the searched the north Aegean Friday for 16 people still missing after gale force winds swept northern Greece during the night overturning dozens of small boats.

Harbour authorities said they had found one body near the central port of Volos and two people had been rescued near the northern peninsula of Halkidiki. Three were still missing in the

The storm also whipped up the biggest forest fire of the year so far, destroying some 500 hectares of woodland north of Athens. Four fire-fighting planes were battling the blaze. Greek Radio

orted. Hundreds of acres of fruit trees near the northern town of Veria were badly damaged by hailstones the size of walnuts. farm ministry officials said.

said, but no casualties were rep-

Quake hits Iranian city

LONDON (R) - An earthquake cut power supplies in the northern Iranian city of Rasht on the Caspian Sea early Friday but there were no immediate reports of casualties or damage. Iran's national news agency IRNA reported.

IRNA had earlier reported that an earthquake with an intensity of 5.5 on the Richter Scale shook parts of Gilan and neighbouring Zanjan provinces.

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37249

43620

66466

668761 84266

86632

. 7454

TV & RADIO

Tunis, Tripoli ties 'solid'

TUNIS (R) - After years of sto-clashed with the radical policies of

isia and Libya have taken their Qadhali, said he was extremely

first solid steps towards closer pleased with "the positive and

cooperation since a reconciliation concrete results" of the meeting.

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNE

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17:30	Ko
17:50	Сапо
18:10	Invaders from Sp
18:35	Magnificent Wo
	Carto
	Local Program
	Agricultural Program
	News in Ara
	Arabic Ser
	Local Program
	Arabic F
	News in Ara
	Film Contin
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FOREIGN CHANNEL

19:00 19:30

21:30

Saturday Variety Show News in English Feature Film RADIO JORDAN

French Program

News in French News in Hebrew ... M.A.S.H.

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM		
& partly on 9560 KHz, SW		
67:19 Morning Show		
87:30 News Bulletin		
10:00 News Summary		
12:09 News Summary		
12:05 Pop Session		
14:00 News Bulletin		
14:30 Picnic Time		
15:00 Concert Hour		
16:00 News Summary		
16:05instrumentak		
17:60 Jordan Weekly		
17:30 Special Feature		
18:60 News Summary		
18:05 Special Feature		
18:30 Great Books of Islam		
19:00 Newsdesk		
19:30 Ton Twenty		
29:30 Date with a Star		
21:06 News Summary		
21:05 Classical Concern		
21:55 News Summary		
22:90 First Spin		
23:90 News Summary		
23:05 Country Music		
24:00 News Headlines, Sign Off		

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

86:00 Newsdesk 96:30 Kings of Jazz 86:45 Financial News 6:55 Reflections

67:60 World News 67:09 British Press Write World News Wiley British Press Review 67:15 About Britain 67:30 New Ideas 67:40 Book Choice 67:45 The World Today 68:60 Newsdeak 68:30 Album Time 69:60 World News 69:69 News about Britain 09:15 From the Weeklies 09:30 Classical Record Rev-iew 09:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Chaiew 09:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Chanson 10:30 Animal, Vegetable or Mineral? 11:90 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Unfay Letters 11:40 Look Ahead 11:35 Science in Action 12:15 What's New 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 About Britain 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Trooping the Colour 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Network U.K. 15:30 Round-up 15:09 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Network U.K. 15:30 Songs of An English Summer 16:09 Sat-urday Special 16:30 Arranged for the Piano 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Sat-urday Special 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Saturday Special 19:00 News Summary 20:00 World News 20:09 News About Britain 20:15 Private Lives 20:30 Promenade Con-certs 21:30 Good Rooks 21:45 The Cla-Private Lives 20:30 Fromenage Concerts 21:39 Good Books 21:45 The Classic Albums 22:09 World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 The Snob 23:15 Kmgs of Jazz 23:30 Wagner in Loudon 24:00 World News 24:09 From Our Own Correspondent 90:30 New Ideas 98:40 Reflections 90:45 Sports Round-up 91:00 World News 91:09 Commentary 01:15 Letterbox 91:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

1260, 7205, 11925, 15205 65:00 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Ans-Digest. News Summary at 30 minute pest the hour. 17:60 News 17:10 This pest the hour. 17:00 News 17:20 Ams Week 17:20 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 American Viewpoints 18:00 Press Conference USA 19:00 News 19:10 This Week 19:30 USA 19:00 News 19:10 This Week 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News Weekend Survey of World News, Correspondent's Reports, Music, Cultural Events and Features 21:00 News 21:10 American Viewpoints 21:30 Press Conference USA 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA (1222) 23:00 Weekend Survey of World News, Correspondent's Reports, Music, Cultural Events and Features

WHAT'S GOING ON

firmation of mines in the Gulf tankers laden with oil from the

warnings to shipping on June 7 which issues regular warning not-

and June 14 that mines might be ices to mariners.

TODAY'S EVENTS

PLAY

"Private Lives" by Noel Coward, at the British Council at 8:00 p.m.

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre . Tel.	66 t026/7
American Centre	44371
American Centre Library	
British Council	
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	39777
Haya Arts Centre	665195
Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A	
Y.W.M.A	
Amman Municipal Library	361+1
University of Jordan Library	84355
on solution and and and and and and and and and an	

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - S p.m. Year-nound. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Mosean: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al QaPa (Citadel Hill). Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

(Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallety: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countricand a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntarah. Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Milliary Misseum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Pepular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - \$.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Mentings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche first and third Wednesday at the Ayene Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lians Philadelphia Club, Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Philadelphia Retary Club, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.
1.30 n.m.

Retary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Clab. Jabai Araman,

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Amman, tel. 24590.
Church of the Ammunchation (Roman
Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440.
De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, 661787.
Church of the Ammunchation (Greek
Ozthodox) Abdali, 23541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabal Amman, 41880 eemer) Jabal Amman, 41889. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich, 7133t. orthodox Church Ashrafich, 75261.

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, 71751. Acuman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

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04.45	
	(Sunrise) Shurring
11:42	Dhub
15:23	'As
18:39	Maghreb

FOR THE TRAVELLER

AMMAN AIRPORT

This information ormation depart International As 53070, 53082, always be verifi ARRIVALS

Cairo (RI) Aqaba (RI) Abu Dhabi (RI) 99:05 99:15 99:15 Jeddah (RT Karachi, Dubai (RI) 09:35 Kuwait (RJ) Doha, Bahrain (RJ) 10:15

1955 Muscat, Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Bah-
rain (GA)
11:30 Lamaka (Cyprus Air)
13:25 Cairo (EA)
14:40 Kuwait (KAC)
15:30 Cairo (EA)
16:25 Copenhagen, Athens (SK)
16:30 Rio de Janeiro, Lisbon (IA)
17:15 Frankfurt, Geneva (RA)
17-15 Ham Vant America
17:15 New York, Amsterdam (RI)
17:45 Madrid, Tripoli (RJ)
17:45 Athens (GA)
18:00 Copenhagen, Athens (RI)
18095 Rome (Alitalia)
Like Cairo (RJ)
19:40 Frankfurt (LH)
15:55
28:15 Beirut (MEA)
24:26 Athens (Olympic)
00:25Cairo (EA)
99:30 Cairo (RJ)
10045

DEPARTURES

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40	Aqaba (R
61540	Beirut, Paris (A)
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96:30	Athens (Olympi
AD-04	Ciyapi
47.43	Beirut (ME/
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11:15	Tonis, Casablanca (R
11:38	Athens (G/
11.30	
11:35	Cairo (R
	Paris I Andre / D
12:34	Laruaka (Cyprus Air
	Lucia (Cyprus Air
14:25	Cairo (EA
45.44	(E)

M WKLOKI	17:30 Baghdad (IA)
	18:30 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Dubai,
on is supplied by Alia inf-	Muscet (GA)
tment at the Outen Alia	18:45 Beirut (RJ)
Lirport, tel. (08) 53250	19:00 Kuwait (RJ)
53171, where it should	19:15 Dhahran (RJ)
Sed.	19:40 Jeddab (Saudia)
SELL.	20:15 Baghdad (RI)
	20:30 Cairo (R1)
	28:30 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

MONEY EXCHANG	E .
Local sellibuy rates Belgian franc	in file 70.9
Dutch guilder 126.2/	127
Egyptian guinea	334.3
French tranc	47.2
Iraqi dinar	471.6
talian lire (for 100) 23.9/ Japanese yen (for 100) 181.8/	24.1 152.7
Kuwaiti dinar 1235.7/	1242
Lebanese lira	83.8
Omani riyal 1042.6/	
Qatari riyai	99.5
Saudi riyal 104.8/	105.5
SWEGISE CIOWE 47.4/	47.7
Swiss franc	174.4
Syrian lira	64
UAE disham	99
U.K. sterling pound 555/ U.S. dollar 363.5/	558.2 365.5
W. German mark 141.2/	303.3
	-74

WEATHER

plied by the Department of It will be fair, with northwesterly mod-erate winds. In Agaba, winds will be 21/35 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Aqaba 40. Humidiy rea-dings: Amman 40 per cent, Aqaba 24

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. Al Arabiych Al Kubrah pharmacy **EMERGENCIES**

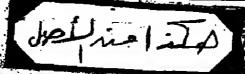
Salameh pharmacy Onwward pharmacy Al Safa' pharmacy Na'im pharmacy Firstaid, fire, police ______ Blood bank ______ Civil Defence rescue _____ ----- 199 --- 7\$121 --- 661111 Fire beadquarters _______ 22090-3 Police rescue _____ 192, 21111. 37777 Police headquarters ______ 39141 Rainbow taxi Kassem taxi Ambassador Traffic police Electric Power Co. Kurnak taxi Municipal water service 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport .. (08) \$3333 ZAROA: HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman ... 42441 IRBID: label Amman Maternity ____ 42362 Jabal Amman Maternity Mathas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Abil Dr. Nidal Haddad

Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh NIGHT DUTY

ATADIZET	
AMMAN: Dr. Younef Al Horani	Cable or telegram 18- Repair service 11
NIGHT DUTY	Information
Dar Al-Shara, J. Hussein 667152 Al-Mussher Hospital 667227-9 The Islamic, Abdali 665292 Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164 Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77101-3 Al-Bachir, I. Associal	Jordan Television
Palestine, Shracisani	GENERAL

MARKET PRICES

- Partie and process of the per total	Z-A-ran 190 / 130
ppie (American)500 / 450	Grapes
Apple (Double Red) 150 / 120	Grape leaves
Apple (Golden)230 / 200	Lemon
(ppie (local) 150 / 120	Lemon
Apple (Cracken)	Macrow (large) 100 / 80
Apple (Starken)	Marrow (small)
pricots	Manow 70 / 50
270 / 200	Meion 120 / 100
Maria (Milianina) 230 / 200	Melon (super)
240 / 18n	Ozios (dry)
Datiot 110 / 80	Okra 130/100
200 / 100	Okra
Carlifferna (white)	Oranges 300 / 250
Cauliflower (white) 150 / 120	reaches 380 / 300
	Peaches 380 / 300 Peas 300 / 250
-HUCK PENS (1978CE)	Pears 500 / 400
-024 150 / 120	Pepper (Sweet) 160 / 120
- UCUMDET (1929)	Pepper (Hot Green) 250 / 200
ucumber (small)180 / t50	Plume (red)
esplant (large)	Plums (red)200 / 150
Carried (and II)	- 0-2000 mi-m- 220 / 170
250lant (small)150 / 120	130 / 100
150 / 126	1000EDES160 / 120
akkoes150 / 120 Jerfic360 / 300	Watermelon110 / 80





dissillerings Prince Abdullah (second from right)

Wednesday remember the martyrdom of his great grandfather King Abdullah (Petra photo)

King Abdullah remembered

AMMAN (Petra) - On the 32nd anniversary of the martyrdom of the late King Abdullah Ibn Al Husseini lounder of the Has-hemite Kingdom of Jordan, His Highness Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein and several members of the Royal Household Wednesday visited the resting place of the late monarch. They were joined by Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi, Court, Minister Amer Khammasb and Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid.

Prince Abdullah placed a wreath on the tomb and together with those accompanying him. read verses from the Koran.

Acting Prime Minister and Information Minister Adnan Abu

Odeh. Speaker of the Upper House Ahmad Al Tarawneh and members of the house. First Deputy Speaker of the National Consultative Council (NCC) Kamal Al Dajani and NCC members. Chief Islamic Justice Ibrahim Al Qattan and several Muslim clergymen. Cbief of Staff Maj.-Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb and high-ranking officers from the armed forces. Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh and municipal council members, and the directors of public security. general int-elligence and civil defence also vis-

recited verses from the Koran. The commander of the King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein brigade and high-ranking officers of the sein," the commander concluded.

ited the tomb. placed wreaths and

brigade as well as the commander of the King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussem battalion and high-ranking officers of the battalion also visited the tomb. The commander of the brigade made a speech praising the dedication of the late monarch for the sake of his country and Arab Nation. He also praised the role the Royal Hashemite Household has been playing throughout history which aims at enabling the Arab Nation to liberate its occupied territories.

The soldiers of this brigade will remain loyal to the mission of the Great Arab Revolt and will continue on the path charted by the late monarch and followed by our leader His Majesty King Hus-

Masri presses for completion of rural road building projects

AMMAN (Petra) – Public Works Minister Awni Al Masri Thursday asked that ministry officials speed up the completion of all rural road projects, the money for which has already been alla ocated for this year.

Mr. Masri. who was speaking during a meeting of ministry officials, called for an intensification of work to keep major, minor and dirt roads in a good condition. He also requested that public works directors facilitate the updating of mlormation pertaining to rural roads to be opened in 1984.

During the meeting, they also discussed the ministry budget for

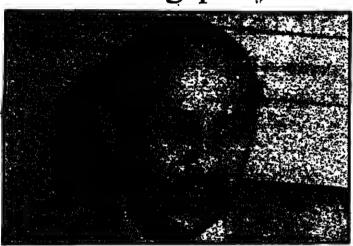
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Awni Al Masri

Aqaba port infrastructure projects opened

AOABA (Petra) - Several new projects were inaugurated by the ports authority here Thursday as part of the five-year development plan to modernise

Among the projects completed government had then reacted by vere a workshop for the maintenance and repair of maritime equipment which was built at a cost of JD 1.1181,11881 and offices for the maritime and clearance companies constructed at a cost of JD 350JUUL

A ceremony was held to mark the occasion, and Transport Minister Ali Suheimat officially declared the projects open having inspected them.

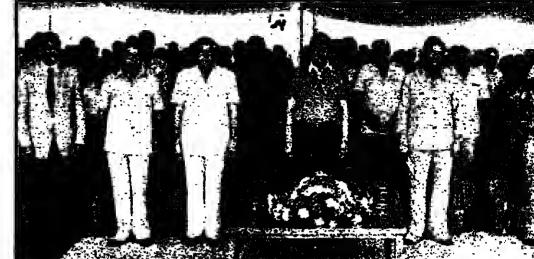
Ports Authority Director-General Ahmad Fawzi Abu Nowar said in a speech at the begmning of the ceremony that, with the increasing volume of goods being landed at the port of Aqaba. a plan to construct four modern quays was being drawn up. He said that the reopening of

the Suez Canal in 1974 had caused congestion in all the ports in the region, including Agaba. The

drawing up plans to expand the port by constructing four new quays and two floating quays, he said, while modern equipment was imported and handling methods. storage, and delivery of goods were all improved.

In total the authority implemented projects during the last five-year plan totalling around JD 230 million, he said. Part of this included the construction of a housing complex capable of accommodating 2.000 workers, and a marine school to train workers at the port. He pointed out that 1.2(8) people bad graduated from the school since it was established and it is considered the premier school in the area, he said.

The authority is currently implementing several projects under the 1481-85 five year plan, which aims to increase the port's cap-

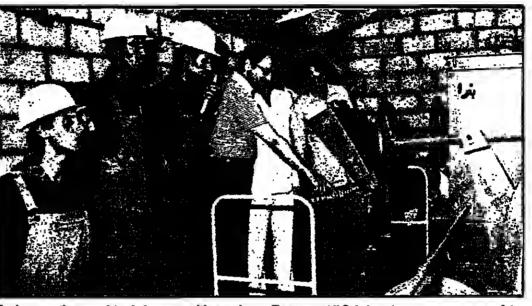


Minister of Transport Ali Suheimat (foreground second from right) and Ports Authority Director-General Ahmad Fawzi Abu Nowar (to his right)

Thursday preside over the opening of a new mai ntenance workshop in Agaba (Petra photo)

acity to serve Jordan and nei- 580-metre long containers bay ghbouring Arab countries. Vr. which, when completed will be Abu Nowar stated. The projects able to receive the world's largest also include the construction of a container ships.

The authority has also asphalted 2000,000 metres of adjacent land at a cost of At 2 million, Atr. Abu Nowar said.



Engineers at the port of Aqaba's new maritime maintenance workshop Thursday show Minister of

Transport Ali Suheimat how to operate some of the sophisticated machinery (Petra photol



Ports Authority Director-General Ahmad Fawzi Abu Nowar Thursday delivers the opening address during the new project inauguration at Aqaba (Petra photo)

Anani views battery plant

Hammad basin project meeting concluded.

AMMAN (Petra) - Regional one and two of the final report of directors of Al Hammad basio project concluded their meeting at the Natural Resources Authority (NRA) Thursday.

During their three-days of meedelegations from Jordan. Iraq, Syria and Saudi Arabia discussed draft reports on the results of the sectoral surveys conducted. They also reviewed draft volumes endees.

the project which deals with an analysis of the current situation of the Al Hammad basin and the development potentials in the

The conferees thanked the NRA for its efforts and the facilities it made available to the att-

Ambassadors appointed

AMMAN (J.T.) — Falih Al Tawil has been appointed Jordanian ambassador to the Soviet Union. Zuhair Sakijha ambassador to the Yemen Arab Republic, Sa'd Al Bataynen ambas isador to Japa Mohammad Ali Khorma ambassador to India, and Suhail Tal ambassador to Spain. Al Ra'i newspaper reported Friday.

AMMAN (Petra) — Labour Min-ister Jawad Al Anani Thursday visited the battery manufacturing plant where he was briefed by officials there on the progress of work and the productive capacity of the factory.

ern methods used for public health the services rendered to workers ompanied Dr. Anani on the visit.

The plant employs 2001 workers and exports part of its output to several Arab countries. Preparations are currently underway

to increase production at the

Labour Ministry Underand safety and labour protection. Secretary Taysir Abdul Jaber and and later heard an explanation on a number of ministry officials acc-

Iraqi artist inspired by eternal colours of Petra and Wadi Rum

By Salameh B. Nehmat

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - There are many contrasts in the works and paintings of Basem Sheikh Jawad which were on show at the Royal Cultural Centre in Amman from the 10th

till the of this month. The Iraqi artist, who has been living in Amman for the last four years, has very much been affected by the Jordanian landscapes and countryside, folklore and desert. He paints in oil-colours, watercolours, and pastel, and his style varies from impressionism to semi-abstract and abstract pai-

Mr. Jawad filled the walls of the exhibition hall of the Royal Culwomen in their traditional costumes from Salt. Karak and other cities. In particular he emphasised: the very colourful embroidery on

Cool atmosphere

There is a sort of a cool atmosphere in Jawad's paintings, and a feeling of ealm, the kind of stiliness that descends after the summer heat starts to retreat at sunset giving a mystical atm-

Jawad is inspired by the eternal colours of Wadi Rum and Petra and his paintings display his sen-

ART REVIEW

sitive approach to colour which he makes loud and clear in all of his paintings. The artist also uses the colour gold in some of his paintings which have been influenced

- ntings displaying Jordanian women in traditional costumes at Wadi Rum, one can easily notice how much the artist is influenced by the Jordanian landscapes and eulture. These particular paintings painted from the imagination are the most successful ones. Using the knife in his paintings instead of brush, he shows a mastery of the oil-colour medium, which is lacking in his water-colours.

> Its very obvious how fashion designing affects the work of Basem Jawad in terms of painting. his lines are carefully outlined and colours neatly laid.

Team work

ticular style. Teamwork is very necessary to help the advancement of the art movement in Jordan-something that is obv-

iously lacking Mr. Jawad said.

The art movement in Jordan is very young, he says, "and I think that artist should base their works on studies made of past art schools, in order to be able to develop art, especially Islamic art, into a modern concept of everyday life."

Mr. Jawad said that artists in Jordan need more support from the concerned parties in order to create a better atmosphere in which for them to work and pro-

Important link

people tend to listen and h is very hard for an artist to talk about his own work, without being preiudiced or at least accused of being so," Mr. Jawad pointed.

Mr. Issam Nseirat, also participated in the exhibition with Mr. Jawad with a collection of his latest works of ceramics.

The ceramics of Mr. Issam Nseirat have changed from his pre- direction in developing old reg-

vious works displayed earlier in some group exhibitions. The artist is inspired by the old Nabatean and Islamic pottery in Al-Kal ah museum in Amman. He has also derived some of his designs and developed them from the embroidery on the traditional costumes of Jordanian women. Mr. Nseirat is surely going in the right

relevant in the works of Nseirat--a very interesting combination ind-

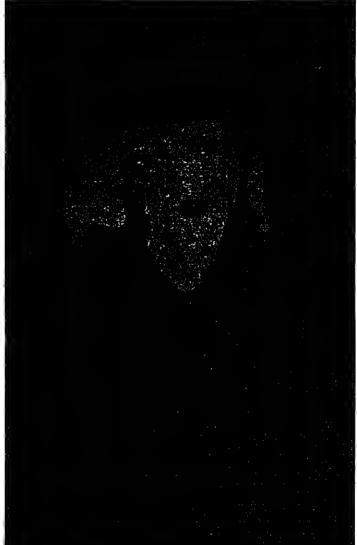
Times that he has been sending invitations to artists and people interested in art in Jordan for a weekly meeting in his private stu-

ional art into a modern art which dio in Shmeisani, in order to strstill contains the spirit of the past. engthen ties between Jordanian A combination of old and new is artists and discuss matters of art and mutual interests.

Mr. Nseirat also suggests the Mr. Nseirat told the Jordan filming of a local TV series as a way to promote art in Jordan -- as this method is used in many countries and has proved to be very



A landscape painting of Wadi Rum by the Iraqi artist Bassem Sheikh Jawad who has been greatly influenced by both the geography and folk Three women from the Jordanian city of Salt painted by the Iraqi



artist wearing their traditional black costumes



A bedouin woman with Wadi Rum forming a backdrop, one of Jawad's very vivid oil paintings.

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Telephones: 666320, 666265 Telex. 21497 ALREI 10 Telegram: IORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Times is published daily askept brillian Subscription and advertising roles are available from the forday Times advertising department.

The worst is yet to come

INTER-Arab differences and disputes are the main features of modern Arab history. So long as these disputes persist, the door will remain wide open for more problems and more complications in the Arab region. Unless something is done to stop the slide, these problems will continue to be difficult to solve and all efforts for solving them will revolve in a vicious circle, because of the numerous obstacles, though some of these efforts are characterised by seriousness and good intentions.

Current Arab disunity shows that the Arabs have not yet learned from past experiences. These experiences prove beyond doubt that Arab differences and the lack of a unified strategy among Arabs have always been the direct cause of placing our problems in a whirlpool of "no solution," and have also brought about further complications that have surfaced on the Arab scene. These complications made us almost forget about our basic issue - that of the Palestinian people.

In the shadow of endemic tensions and divisions in the Arab World, Israel continues to occupy the West Bank and the Gaza Strip and stands as the major obstacle in the way of achieving a just peace in the Middle East. Also because of Arab differences. Iraq has been left to fight alone for three years in defence of the Arab Nation against

Iranian expansionism and begemony.

The differences have opened the door for superpower interference, offering the big powers the chance to establish bridge-heads in the region at the expense of its peoples. It is also because of persistent Arab differences that Algeria is at loggerheads with Morocco which in turn had to fight against the Polisario front over the western Sahara; while Libya was left to fight against Tunisia and other Arab and African countries, and now the Palestinians.

Benefiting from Arab differences, Israel launched its invasion of Lebanon more than a year ago and occupied sizeable parts of that country. This invasion resulted in the massacres at Sabra and Shatila refugee camps and in the death of thousands of innocent Lebanese and Palestinians, and the eviction of Palestinian fighters from Beirut to be scattered around the Arab World.

Israel continues to establish settlements in the West Bank and the

Gaza Strip in an open attempt to impose a de facto situation on the inhabitants of the occupied territories, and the Arabs are still unaware of the danger inherent in this policy despite numerous warnings by those who are true to their nation and its destiny.

It is due to persistent Arab differences that all laternational peace

efforts have faltered, as if we Arabs do not wish to see our problems solved and are quite satisfied to bury our heads in the sand.

Amid all this bitterness and aimlessness there surfaced differences among the ranks of the Fateh movement, which farms the backbone of the Palestine Liberation Organisation. The current Fateb disputes can cause. Running parallel to the internal Palestinian dispute is the mounting Syrian-Palestinian dispute, which allowed for armed clashes and recriminations between the two sides and made mediation efforts almost impossible.

There are many indicators that the worst is yet to come. Yasser Arafat has warned of the imminent danger awaiting the Palestinian people and the Palestine problem and nf more massacres awaiting the Palestinians in Lebanon and more psychological and physical torture at the hands of Israel and certain Lebanese factions.

For how long can we afford to ignore the bitter realities in our midst?

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i. Back to zero

ONCE AGAIN the Arabs have returned to point zero as far as the settling of inter-Arab differences is concerned. Purging pan-Arab relations of these divisions is a prerequisite of any advancement of the general Arab cause. Under the current circumstances, the Arabs can only make verbal protests against the aggression being perpetrated against our kinsmen in the occupied territories. Such verbal protests are plainly not enough and do not absolve them from their responsibilities to the future generations. A rejection of this aggression is futile unless accompanied by action capable of making the Zionists review their policies.

Undoubtedly. Arab leaders realise this and know that they must work seriously to settle all inter-Arab differences. This is not a specific responsibility of one Arab bloc or state but is the responsibility of the Tunis committee especially set up to carry out this task. It is a pan-Arab responsibility which no Arab country can overlook. Jordan, for its part, has always done all that it could to settle inter-Arab differences. The Arab people once again live in the hope that their leaders will embark on substantive joint action before it is too late, because the time element is the weapon which has been used so effectively by the aggressors.

Al Dustour: More than statements

THE COMMITTEE in charge of eradicating the divisions in the Arab World began its meetings in Tunis Thursday. Although this committee was formed by the 11th Arab summit held in Amman in 1980, its meetings bave commenced belatedely. The Arab Nation has always had faith in the inevitability of the triumph of unity over all divisions, and again feels that it can cope with the challenges posed to it if it confronts its enemies.

Time and again peripheral issues have taken priority over the major issue of fighting the enemies of the Arab World, which in turn has weakened us all. The Funis meeting is a glimmer of hope in our ability to overcome our difficulties. Nevertheless, the only guarantee of success is that the committee sticks at its difficult and complicated mission to unite the Arab states despite the obstacles facing it. Past experience dictates that, rather than being content with a number of recommendations, the committee should itself take the initiative to resolve Arab differences or at least provide the appropriate atmosphere for an Arab summit to resolve these problems.

Sawt Al Shaab: Legitimacy in Lebanon

THE ISRAELI withdrawal from the Shouf mountains in Lebanon has already begun. The Lebanese Progressive Socialist Party is refusing to allow the Lebanese army to take up positions in the areas vacated by the isracli forces unless a political agreement is reached between the party and all its adversaries. Thus it seems that the Israeli withdrawal will be the soark that lights a new fire in Lebanon. Despite all statements to the contrary, the Lebanese army leadership and loyalties remains as before. Therefore, it is essential to reform this army so as to end the sectarian basis upon which it has existed.

Jordan Times Andropov grooms a new generation of leaders

By Anthony Robinson

LONDON - in seven short months Yuri Andropov has master-minded the smoothest transfer of power in Soviet history and formalised his position as Sovlet leader by gathering into his hands the three top leadership positions -- head of the party. chief of the armed forces and. finally, head of state. It took Stalin nearly a decade to consolidate his power and 13 years for Lennid Brezhnev to achieve the "triple crown".

Ironically however. Mr. Andmpov's election as President nf the Praesidium of the Supreme Soviet at the mid-June Central Committee plenum and Supreme Soviet meeting was preceded by a series of meetings with visiting Finnish President Mauno Koivisto which underlined the fact that Mr. Andropov was essentially only an

Given Mr. Andropov's age -.6% at the time of his takeover from Mr. Brezhnev in November 1982 - this was in many ways elear from the start.

But his appearance in public visibly shaking and having to be hel-ped to his seat by burly aides rem-inded Soviet officials and foreigners alike that one of Mr. Andropov's priorities must be to groom a new generation of potential Soviet leaders, men whose careers were blocked by the refusal of Mr. Brezhnev to promote younger men and so deny them the opportunities to broaden and deepen their experience of gov-

With this in mind it was surprising that the mid-June meeings did not lead to the expected infusion of new blood into the Polilburo, the top policy-making organ whose membership has

interim leader of the world's "sec-ond superpower". been reduced to 11 by death or retirement and whose members' body, which was formerly beld by average age now stands at 67

> But two events with potential significance for the future did take

Mr. Grigory Romanov. the 60-year-old party boss from Leningrad, moved to Moscow as a Central Committee secretary. He became nne of only four Politburo members to combine the two pos-Then 57-year-old Vitali Vor-

otnikov was elected as a nonvoting, candidate member of the Politburo and was subsequently chosen as the new Prime Minister of the Russian Federation, the largest and most important of the 15 Soviet republics. He replaced 69-year-old Mikhail Solomentsev who has taken over the res-ponsibilities of chairman of the Communist Party Control Com-

Mr. Arvid Pelshe, who died just before the plenum.

Vir. Vorotnikov used to be the Soviet ambassador to Cuba and is believed to be a close ally of Mr. Andropov. Although he cannot vote in Polithuro meetings he will be able to give expert advice on Latin American affairs -- currently a major issue in U.S.-Soviet relations.

But it is Mr. Romanov's appomtment that is the most intriguing. He has been a full member of the Politburo for 7 years and was the youngest member until Mikbail Gorbaebev, a lawyer and party agricultural expert, was elected in October 1980 at the age of 49. But his 12-year stint as party boss in Leningrad, the old Czarist capital and second most important city in the Sovier Union, kept him out of the centre of power. Moscow. His exile is belief that Mr. Andropov used to see Mr. Romanov as bis main pot- evision back bome. ential rival for the leadership.

But Mr. Romanov actually was a tough and efficient party boss in a difficult city and has accumulated useful experience as a Politburo member privy to top level secrets and policy decision. He should probably be seen as the tough line candidate for the Andropov succession if arms control and other arrangements cannot be reached with the Americans and the Soviet Union digs in for a possibly lengthy period of con-frontation abroad and tight con-

trol at home.

But if U.S.-Soviet relations move away from the current deep freeze, which is possible, and the international climate relaxes, then the prospects might prove brighter for Mr. Gorbachev. who has just returned from Canada where he impressed his Canadian hosts and

now over. What is intriguing is the belief that Mr. Andropov used to control of himself on Soviet tel-

Mr. Andropov has never visited a Western country as Soviet leader and the choice of Mr. Gorbachev to undertake this mission, following other opportunities to meet visiting foreign delegations at home, appears to indicate that Mr. Gorbachev is seen as potentially a leader who could portray not only a younger but a more relaxed and open style of Soviet leadership.

These two men now bave a head start on other leadership hopefuls of their generation by virtue of their Politburo experience. But the field will almost certainly broaden when others of their generation are finally promoted to Politburo status. That is when the manoeuvring could start to get really interesting.

- Financial Times news feature



Genscher surprises West with call for 'rewalk in the woods'

By Paul Taylor Reuter

BONN - An appeal by West German Foreign Vinister Hans-Dietrich Genscher for the revival nt an inlnrmal U.S.-Soviet compromise on medium-range nuclear missiles has stirred confusion and some irritation in the western alliance.

Western diplomats here dn not understand why VIr. Genscher vinnday suddenly resurrected talk at the formula worked out by U.S. Chief Neogitator Paul Nitze and his Soviet Counterpart Yuli Kvitsinksy during a now-famous walk in the woods" outside Geneva last July 16.

The formula was rejected by the U.S. and Soviet governments. The deal, details of which first trickled out of Washington in Jan-

allowing the West to deploy 75 cruise missile launchers, each with lour missiles.

But a central part of the arrangement was that the West of all lus fast and accurate aimed at Washington. pershing-2 ballistic missiles, due to be sited in West Germany from next December.

Diplomats said that was why the Reagan administration vetoed the approach without consulting its European allies.

sloscow rejected the formula apparently because it did take British and French nuclear weapons into account - a key Soviet demand that is still blocking the 211month-long negotiations in Geneva.

Western diplomats said they uary, would have left the Soviet found implausible ulficial exp-

Uninn 75 triple-headed SS-2tt lanations that Mr. Genscher had missiles aimed at Europe while only raised the walk in the woods in a radio interview to remind vioscow that its negntiator had been ready to exclude French and British systems.

The minister's aides ackwould renounce the deployment unwledged that his call was also vir. Genscher is too wilv not to

have realised that this would reopen the while question of dumping the pershing-2," one North Atlantic Freaty Organisation (NAIO) diplumat said. describing the call as unhelpful. The foreign minister, always the

most cautious of interviewees. could not have dropped his bombshell into Bonn's calm summer recess by accident, other diplomats said.

A briefing hastily called by foreign ministry officials to play down Mr. Genscher's words did

little to dispel the impression that he had subtly changed his line on the missiles.

While Bonn had previously stood by the mixture of weapons. originally foreseen by NATO, the officials now said the mix was "up to the negotiators".

NATO. in a 1979 dual-track decision, called for negotiations with Moscow on medium-range missiles and said it would deploy 572 pershing-2s and cruises in five West European countries if nn agreement could be reached.

They declined to talk at all about another important element of the informal Nitze-Kvitsinsky compromise, allowing vioscow to keep 911 SS-20s aimed at Asia.

Government Spokesman Peter Boenisch, describing the walk in the woods as proof of earlier Soviet flexibility, also used wording which some commentators int-

By Sidney Weiland

diness to abandon the pershing-2. weapons was not under discussion

left future options open. sible comprismise as "twn steps

forward, one step back." Mr. Genscher clearly wanted to start the ball rolling. This nne will run and run." the diplomat commented.

Some diplomats and West German commentators speculated that the foreign minister was merely trying to assuage domestic public opinion ahead of what government officials fear will be a hot autumn" nf anti-nuclear pro-

Recent apinion polls suggest two-thirds of West Germans are jance.

erpreted as a West German rea- opposed to deployment and for the first time tiny pockets of Renunciation of the mix of anti-missile sentiment have even. emerged in Chancellor Helmut; "for the moment". he said in a Kohl's conservative Christian? cautiously-worded statement that . Democratic Union (CDU).

The diplomats warned that the One diplomat described vion- walk in the woods formula could day's spate of statements on a pos- turn into a double-edged plo-

Critics could seize on it to argue that Mr. Nitze regarded the pershing-2 as dispensable, they said.

While diplomats and commentators continue to puzzle over. Mr. Genscher's intentions, one ennelusion can already be drawn

from the episode: It demonstrates that the nuclear issue is so sensitive that the slightest hint of a changed position sends aların bells ringing in Bonn and throughout the western all-

S. A nerican juntas retreat NATO unanimity shaken by mavericks

By Francois Raitberger Reuter

BUENOS AIRES - Yielding to mounting economic problems and popular pressure. South America's military governments are beating a retreat.

Four years ago, eight of the region's 12 independent countries were ruled by generals. But within the next two years they will be in charge of only three if the armed forces keep their pledges to go back to barracks.

Peru, three years ago, and Bolivia. last year. have already returned to democracy. In Argentina the military has promised to step down next year and in Brazil and Uruguay by 1985.

The few military rulers still holding onto to power are facing determined challenges.

Chile's President Augusto Pinochet, who has ruled out a return lo democratie government before his term expires in 1989, faces increasingly strident demands to resign or at least inject a greater amount of freedom into his 10 years of iron rule.

Another South American strongman who shows no sign of ste- rule. pping down in the near future is Surinam's Lt. Col. Desi Bouterse, who seized power in a 1980 comp and says he has since smashed several attempts to oust him.

Alfredo Stroessner of Paraguay is the longest-serving generalpresident in the region and the Siles Zuazo. only military ruler who has managed to muzzle opposition during nearly 30 years as president. He was re-elected last February for a

seventh five-year term. But periods of military rule have a habit of coming and going in Latin America. The number of military rulers in the 20 Latin American countries rose to 12 in

General Stroessner, seven years later. The number increased again as the armed forces moved in little by little to control what they saw as a wave of "leftist subversion". Politicians and analysts have

been wondering whether the current ebbing of military influence would last as many countries in the world's most indebted area sink deeper into economic crises. They say the austerity measures

needed to renegotiate and repay huge foreign debts are triggering strikes and social unrest which could become uncontrollable once the discipline of military rule is lifted and civil liberties are restored. Strife and the resurgence of guerrilla activities could prompt the military to step in again, they

The young new democracies are already in trouble. In Peru, the reappearance of guerrillas three years ago coincided with the end of over a decade of military rule.

In Bolivia, desperate economic, problems were one of the main reasons for the military's retreat to barracks last October after 17 years of virtually uninterrupted

But Bolivia has bad on average more than one coup a year in the 15% years since independence and the military recently warned they could not remain indifferent to the political infighting within the leftist coalition of President Hernan

The subcontinent's two giants. Brazil and Argentina, and one of its smaller countries. Uruguay, are heading for democracy but on a rocky road. In Brazil where the military overthrew the left-leaning gov-

erament of Joao Goulart 19 years

ago, the military-led government

has embarked on a liberalisation any return of the guerrillas.

1954 then dropped to only one. programme. Elections were held last November for state govemorships and the lower house of congress and presidential elections are due in 1985.

But after the boom of the early 1970s. Brazil is now having to impose increasing sacrifices on its people to avoid open default on a 590 billion foreign debt.

in Argentina, the armed forces. divided and demoralised after last year's defeat in the Falklands (Malvinas), have promised a return to civilian rule early next year.

But rumours of a possible coup to stop next October's elections abounded earlier this month and military sources say concern is rising among young officers that an elected government would put them on trial for an anti-guerrilla campaign in which 6.000 to 30.000 people disappeared in the late 1970s.

Another stumbling block on the way to democracy is a demand by part of the armed forces for tighter security laws to fight a possible resurgence of "subversion."

A similar demand threatens to block neighbouring Uruguay's return to civilian rule 10 years after the military seized power and smashed the Tupamaro guerrillas. The Uruguayan military has

pledged to hold elections in 1985 but it is conducting talks with political parties on its own terms and at its own pace, despite increasingly vocal opposition. The parties broke off the talks

earlier this month accusing the

the military wide powers to fight

military of cracking down on opponents and being inflexible. The talks were deadlocked over the government's demands for tight security laws and the insertion in the 1977 constitution of a "state of subversion" clause giving

LONDON - North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) alliance policy statements, for many years based on strict unanimity, are now dotted with caveats ins-

isted on by maverick members. Three of NATO's 16 govexaments are staking out reservations on key issues, diluting the show of public solidarity the Western defence grouping has striven for in its 34-year history.

But France, the first maverick, is showing a friendlier stance despite the odd-man-out role it has played since withdrawing from NATO's Integrated Military Command in 1966.

Spain, which joined NATO only a year ago, regularly reserves its position while reassessing whether to remain a member.

Greece's Socialist government. basically lukewarm towards the alliance, withholds approval whenever there are statements on missile policy, East-West trade and other issues on which Athens has a distinctive point of view.

When NATO foreign ministers met in Paris last month. Greece entered four reservations on a seven-page statement. Four Greek objections were registered at a meeting last December. Spain opted out of the entire

communique except for evaluations specifically endorsed by the Madrid government. It did the same when NATO defence ministers met, also in June.

Denmark's staunchly pro-NATO government, under pressure from left-wing opponents at home, entered a caveat on missile in the Danish parliament.

U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, in a rare public criticism. argument over communique lan-

led it "aggravating". He said the French often insisted on differentiating between political decisions. in which they sbare, and military issues which they say affect only those in NATO's Joint Command.

Mr. Shultz said France constantly forced NATO to "struggle around with language not to weaken the (majority) point, and at the same time protect the precision of the French view".

While the wavering worries NATO officials, they say there is agreement on fundamentals and that "national individualism" does not constitute a brake on the West's military preparedness.

Spain has caused the biggest uncertainty by saying it intends to call a national referendum on NATO membership.

But Socialist Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez has pleased alliance partners by delaying the opinion sampling until NATO's problems, over missile deployments are overcome; and by hinting he may eventually veer towards staying in.

With new U.S. missiles due to be installed in five NATO countries starting next December, alliance leaders feared an anti-NATO vote in Spain could be ser-

iously damaging.

Mr. Gonzalez, in office since last December, now says the refcrendum may be delayed until late 1984 or even 1985....

About 100,000 demonstrators marched through Madrid last month in a protest against NATO membership and the presence of four U.S. bases in Spain. Mr. Gonzalez has renewed an agreement deployments forced on it by a vote for the Americans to stay for a further five years.

Meanwhile, like France, Spain remains outside the Joint NATO blamed France for a two-hour Command Greece, which pulled out of the military wing in the

guage at the Paris meeting. He cal- 1974 but rejoined in 1980, is arguing over air space control in the

Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou was elected in 1981 on a strong anti-NATO ticket, and soon afterwards blocked agreement at a NATO meeting by demanding guarantees against attack by Turkey. also a NATO member

But be has made no active move to leave the alliance. "The concrete fact is that we are part of NATO". he said recently. Mr. Papandreou, who holds that Turkey is a greater danger to

Greece than the Soviet Union, has angered NATO leaders by inviting his Communist neighbours to discuss a Balkan nuclear-free zone, a project regarded with suspicion by the others. Last week, after nine months of acrimonious negotiations in which he held out for increased U.S. military aid. he renewed an agr-

provides for them to close by Despite occasional flashes of uritation with U.S. policies. France's relationship with NATO bas improved since Socialist President Francois Mitterrand's election

eement allowing U.S. bases in

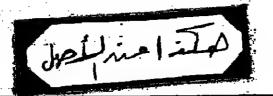
Greece to stay. But the accord

two years ago. While he has rigidly maintained France's independent military role, he bas taken a strong position against the Soviet Union, has backed NATO's missile plans, and has allowed defence chiefs to work

more closely with the alliance. U.S. bombers in a NATO exercise last month were allowed to refuel over France, and France contributed an aircraft carrier to help.test anti-submarine defences in the Atlantic.

France has also created a Rapid Deployment Force which will be available to aid NATO ailies in emergencies.

deline ITA



Fossil reading: A painstaking process

By Boris Weintraub

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. - Bill Amaral checked his watch; it was II:15 a.m. He gestured at the pile of shavings on his desk, about as big as the remains of a 5 o'clock shadow, and smiled.

"That's my morning's work so

Mr. Amaral is a preparator at Harvard University's Museum of Comparative Zoology, and the shavings in the laboratory represented what he had whittled away, with a tiny silicon carbide needle from a piece of rock. Embedded in that rock was the fossilised skull of a tiny mammal. about 180 million years old.

An interested onlooker

Farish A. Jenkins Jr., a Harvard professor of anatomy and biology and the museum's curator of vertebrate paleontology, watched Mr. Amaral's work with great interest. When Mr. Amaral finishes the painstaking work that goes into preparing the skull. Jenkins will study every minute detail he can to "read" the fossil and interpret its role in mammalian evo-

Formation of Arizona. Will Downs, a preparator at the Muscum of Northern Arizona, found four teeth from one of the two oldest known mammalian forms.

The next year, supported by the National Geographic Society, Prof. Jenkins led an expedition to Arizona and, on a Navajo Indian reservation about 75 miles northeast of Flagstaff, found the palcontologist's version of gold: The jaw of a new mammalian form.

Now, after another summer of digging in the Arizona desert in which Prof. Jenkins' team found several more specimens of the "new" mammal he is hard at work trying to decipher its mea-

Just finding the right place to look for fossils is a challenge. Prof. Jenkins and Charles R. Schaff, a coratorial associate at the Harvard museum. began with aerial reconnaissance, using satellite photos of the area and low-level flights, in part to determine how to get vehicles in and out of the rough terrain of the isolated area.

Removing a hill

Once Downs' discovery led to a

In 1980, after Prof. Jenkins and site, the crew patiently removed animals, and particularly mamothers had spent years prospecting the top of a sandy hill, covering mals, at the same time we're interested by for early mammals in the Kayenta almost 450 square feet and, bit by bit, picked through the sandstone-siltstone layer five feet deep. The rocks that immediately yielded fossils were marked and

put away; the remaining hundreds of pounds were trucked to the Arizona museum for washing to see whether more bones would Meanwhile, Mr. Amaral began "preparing" the fossils. For some

fossils, depending on the composition of the surrounding rock. he can use chemicals or water to dissolve the rock; for others, he must use mechanical techniques. In other words, whittling.

Part of the problem is that he can see some of the bones under his high-powered microscope. but not all.

"I know there's bone in there someplace, but I'm not cla-irvoyant." Mr. Amaral said. "The best I can do is whittle away, because the bone is concealed right down to the last moment".

Mr. Amaral is known in palcontological circles as a preparation whiz. which is a good thing. Well-preserved fossils can set the stage for good preparation. but bad preparation can ruin a well-preserved fossil. Without careful preparation, field work is usėless. said Prof. Jenkins.

When Prof. Jenkins puts the fossil under his microscope, he looks for anything that helps him describe how one fossil is different from another and, more important, for clues about where that fossil fits in the long history of mammalian evolution.

For example, if the specimen is a tooth. Prof. Jenkins will examine the pattern of its cusps - the protrusions from the tooth's crown and the wear facets -- indications of how the tooth was used: to grind, to slice, to shear, or some combination. If it is a bone, he will look for similarities between that bone and a comparable bone of a modern mammal.

More than description

paleontology has always been a find-'em-and-describe-'em science." Prof. Jenkins said. "The history of the subject has been that one went out to discover these relics of ancient life. The discovery was in riself sufficient as sile sci-efficiency of the sufficient as sile sci-film riself sufficient as something

more. There you're trying to understand how the animal lived. what the significance of its stage of evolution is to the development of whatever you're looking at -- the limb, the jaw, whatever. We're interested in the biology of living National Geographic news feature

crested in their evolutionary his-

101V"

To help in the comparison. Prof. Jenkins has been experimenting with living animals to compare their physical activities and stractural systems to those of early mammals. For example, he has been studying Virginia opossums. with the aid of electrodes and X-ray movies, to see how their shoulder muscles work.

"It engenders certain risks of misinterpretation, the prime one heing that everything changes." be said. "But it's closer than anything else in helping understand

the evolutionary history". Prof. Jenkins is only now beginning to formulate interpretation of the new, still unnamed mammal, planning to publish his fin-dings in a scientific journal later this year. But he has concluded that by 180 million years ago, the beginning of the age of dinosaurs. mammals already were more diverse than previously helieved and that the two earlier known mammal forms and the new type share an ancestor, one that has not yetbeen found.

Studies of the new shrewlike mammal also suggest that the reeth of this creature had not yet acquired a prime characteristic of a mammal's chewing system: A pattern of cusp alignment that permits the teeth to be used either to grind or to shear.

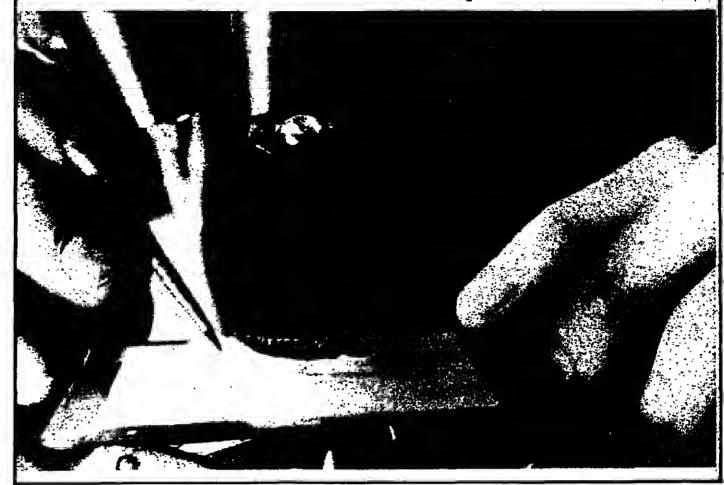
Adding it all up

But this is just the beginning. By studying some of the newly found bones, for example. Prof. Jenkins will try to determine how this early mammal moved, whether its vertebral column was closer to the more specialised for it took in later mammals or to the more generalised vertebrae of reptiles. It is, unavoidably, a frustrating business.

"It's incredibly difficult to develop the evidence from experimentation and observation of living mammals as to how they work, much less doing it with bits and peices that are 180 million

years removed from anything we bave now." Prof. Jenkins said. "We see so very little of the fossil record, the evidence is very small. And for the origin of mammals, it's been puny. I'm always a little worried because I see these theories change with every find.

"I don't know what's going to come of all this. Your theories always are strongest when you have the minimal evidence".



Carefully positioned under a high-powered microscope, this 180million-year-old jaw will be studied by Harvard professor Farish A. Jenkins Jr. Its cusps, its patterns of use, its structure - all will tell the

experienced paleontologist something about the newly discovered mammalian form found in Arizona (National Geographic photo).

AIDS worries European health authorities

By Bjorn Edlund

BRUSSELS - AIDS, the deadly disease causing panic among homosexuals in the United States. has arrived in Europe from Cenural Africa.

So far. some 45 cases of AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) have been detected in Europe. 35. of them in Belgium. Doctors say they are not linked to the U.S. plague, but originated in Central Africa in a separate outbreak.

Scientists believe AIDS is traasmitted by sexual contact and blood contamination. It destroys a person's ability to fight infection and leads to tumours, skin cabeer and often death.

European governments. worried about more outbreaks, will mount an information drive in the autumn, starting with a World Health Organisation (WHO) conference at Aarhus. Denmark. in

October.

Belgian blood centres are already receiving pamphlets warning them to look for AIDS symptoms in new donors.

AIDS was first detected in late 1979 in the U.S. where it has killed 600 of 1,500 sufferers, mostly male homosexuals or intravenous drug abusers.

Scientists say the outbreak of AIDS in Central Africa may eventually help explain one of its mysteries -- why so many Haitians are among the U.S. sufferers. An early theory said AIDS

came from a swine virus in Haiti. but Belgian researchers have found no evidence of that virus in 10 Zaireans and one Chadian who have died here. Dr. Henri Taelman of Ant-

werp's Tropical Institute said the disease may have developed in the similar climatic and hygenic environments of the Caribbean and Central Africa.

"But all this is still speculation." he said. "We need to do thorough a Zairean woman married to a Iman said.

field research in Central Africa to Belgian, was detected in January map the spread of AIDS and its 1981. But doctors at the Tropical characteristics". Institute did not know what cau-

The viral agent triggering AIDS has not been identified and researchers in Europe and the United States are at a loss to explain how it makes the body's self-defence collapse.

Patients lose weight rapidly. suffer diarrhoea, develop skin diseases, lung infections and severe disorders of the central nervous system. The mortality rate in Belgium is 60 per cent of the cases found.

The AIDS patients treated here came from Central Africa to Belgium, the former colonial ruler of Zaire, to seek treatment or were working in Belgium when they fell

"What we are seeing is the tip of an iceberg." Dr. Taelman said. "Only wealthy people can travel here to seek help".

gium only one involved a European, a Belgian woman living with a Central African AIDS victim. In the U.S., 71 percent of the sufferers are male homosexuals.

sed her death, as reports on the

U.S. strain at that time were rare.

nomenon that we really have a lot

of work to do before we know

AIDS and can fight it directly."

The Belgians are collaborating

with U.S. specialists at the Nat-

ional Institutes of Health and the

Centre for Disease Control. Bel-

gian officials want to create a joint

for field work in Central Africa.

research team with the Americans

Of the cases detected in Bel-

Dr. Taelman said.

"This is such a recent phe-

inject their narcotics. 'The patients from Central Afr-The first AIDS case in Belgium. ica fit neither category." Dr. Tae-

and 17 per cent are drug users who



Farish A. Jenkins Jr., a Harvard professor and curator of vertebrate

paleontology in the university's Museum of Comparative Zoology,

prepares to examine a fossilized specimen of a mammal, 180 million

years old, for clues to what it was - and to what it became (National

Geographic photo).

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SPORTS

Swiss send Australians crashing out of Federation Cup

ZURICH (R) - Australia nosedived out of the Federation Cup Women's Team Tennis Championships here Friday when world number six Wendy Turnbull crashed 6-4. 6-7. 6-1 to a girl ranked 40 places below her. Swiss number one Christiane Jolissaint.

· The defeat left the fourthseeded Australians 2-0 down in their quarter-final against seventh-seeded Switzerland after the earlier 6-1. 6-4 victory by Petra Delhees over Dianne Fromholiz. Only the doubles remained to be played.

The loss also marked the end of an unhappy tournament for Turnbull, who has struggled without her best form on the dry, fast clay courts.

The top-seeded and defending champion U.S. team levelled their tie against unfancied Yugoslavia when Andrea Jaeger crushed Renata Sasak 6-11, 6-1, Sabrina Goles had given Yugoslavia the lead by outlasting Candy Reynolds 7-5, 3-6, 12-10.

The Australians, seven times winners of the trophy in 15 appearances in the final, expected Turnbull to level the tie against Switzerland, who reached the last

four in Tokyo in 1981. But Turnbull, who had to save

(بوخاولفروي السكوش

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دوبرة الابردن الدولية

Pakistan dominates

squash tournament

AMMAN (J.T.) - Pakistan

dominated the first two days of

the Jurdan International Squ-

ash Tournament which began

Wednesday night at Amman's

The four semifinals places

Magsond Ahmad (ranked 6th in the warld by the Interntional

Squasb Federation), Atlas

Khan, Omar Hayat and Fahim

Ghal (ranked 9th in the world)

got through with ease to the semifinals by defeating Jor-danian and Kuwaiti npponents. Maqsoud defeated Tarek Al Oweishi (Kuwait), Atlas beat Hamed Al Said (Jurdan), Omar Havet prested Nidal Oast (Jor-

Hayat nusted Nidal Qart (Jor-

dan) and Ghal edged nut Iyad Kamal tJordan). The sem-ifinals are scheduled for Sun-day and the final is to be held on

Spode

Sports City.

Monday.

niture:

tress

four match points before beating unranked Mexican Heliane Steden in the second round, dropped the first set to Jolissaint before snatching the second by winning the tiebreaker seven points to

Jolissaint, spurred on by a packed centre-court crowd. totally dominated the final set. She broke Tumbull's serve for a 3-1 lead. held for 4-1 and broke again to go 5-1 up before taking the match to 15 on her own service in the seventh game.

Jolissaint. 21. upset sixthseeded Bettina Bunge of West Germany in the first round of the Wimbledon Championships in London last month.

Jaeger pulled the champion Americans back into contention in superb style after Reynolds lost her battle with Goles

But the world number three was broken by the 19-year-old Sasak in the fourth game of the second

It was only the fourth game the seemingly invincible Jaeger has dropped in the three matches

ceded team. Argentina, when they match.

cycle race on a day when the top

contenders were happy to keep

the pace down as temperatures

He crossed the finish line in

Dijon nine minutes and 17 sec-

onds clear after a solo break of

181 kilometres which at one point

gave him more than 15 minutes

advantage in Friday's 20th

It was the seventh longest solo

effort in the tour's 80-year history

but nowhere near the record of

over 33 minutes by Luxembourg's

Leleu. 25. was allowed to esc-

ape because he was no threat to

291-km stage from Morzine.

François Faber in 1909.

Figuon of France.

Leleu wins stage on debut tour

DIJON. France (R) - Fre- that of chief challenger Peter

nchman Philippe Leleu made his Winnen of the Netherlands. He

mark in his debut Tour de France increased his lead on Friday by

opened an unbeatable 2-0 lead. The third set between Goles and Reynolds, forced to play singles in a re-shaped American team hit by the late withdrawal of Kathy Jordan, turned into a titanic battle of wills, both players battling ferociously in temperatures topping

311 degrees (90 fahrenheit). Games went with serve until the 10th when Reynolds served for the match 5-4 up. But 18-year-old Goles broke for 5-5 and held her serve in the next game to move

Games continued to go with serve. Reynolds. ranked 73rd in the world--34 places above Goles. always having to hold her service to stay in the match.

But the sixth time proved too much for the exhausted American. She double-faulted to let the young Yugoslav back in at t 5-all and was caught by a perfect

lob to go 30-15 down. She levelled at 30-all with the help of a net-cord, but a stinging Goles return gave the Yugoslav

her first match point. There was no reprieve for the American as a powerful backhand Third seeds Czechoslovakia return forced her to hit a loose cruised through to the semifinals shot to the baseline which Goles at the expense of another uns- lashed across court to take the

getting placed in four of the day's

five intermediate sprints and ear-

ning 24 seconds in time bonuses.

outskirts of Dijon. Jean-Louis

Gauthie of France made his break

into second place with five kms to

inted home at the head of a 78-

strong main field to take third

place which earned him a bonus of

places in the intermediate sprints

the tipperary rider cut 26 seconds

As temperatures climbed to 32

ques Michaud, winner of Wed-

from his overall deficit

With two wins and two second

seconds.

Then Ireland's Sean Kelly spr-

As Leleu's lead shrank on the

Petranoff drops baseball for javelin

LOS ANGELES (R) - If Tom Petranoff had arrived on time for the baseball season, the United States would not now be boasting a javelin world record holder.

Petranoff played basebail at high school and expected to make that his sport when he enrolled at Palomar Junior College, near San Diego. in 1977.

But the 19-year-old student found to his surprise the college baseball team was already halfway through its season. He might make the team but he was unlikely to play much.

As a disgruntled Petranoff left the baseball field he noticed javelins flying through the air at the nearby track and field stadium."I knew h was a javelin, but that's about all," he told Reuters.

"I asked one guy if he could show we how to throw h but he didn't have the time. I went to another, who showed me, and I took a few throws."

Six years later, the failed baseball player shattered the threeyear-old javelin world record of Hungarian Ferenc Paragi and sounded a challenge for next month's World Athletics Championships in Helsinki.

Petranoff's first efforts impressed the Palomar track coach. He asked me what track club I competed for. I told him I never competed in track before." Petranoff said.

The coach persuaded him to join the track team the next day. Four weeks after his first competition he was throwing the javelin 76.80 metres and improving steadily.

But he remained a virtual unknown until May 15 this year when be achieved a throw of 99.72 metres, a staggering 9.20 metres further than his previous best and a distance which added three metres to the world mark.

Last month the American proved his world record was no fluke by beating East Germany's Detlef Michel, who two weeks before had equalled Paragi's old world record of 96.72 metres.

Micbel hurled his first throw 92.08 metres while Petranoff managed only 81.30. The American's third attempt was a foul throw but his fourth sailed 94.62 metres, clinching first place and reaffirming his world number one

The U.S. are now stronger in medal.

the javelin than they have been for a generation. Last year another American. Bob Roggy, was number one in the world, the first time a U.S. athlete had occupied the position since Frank held in 1955.

The U.S. have won the men's Olympic javelin title only once when Cy Young took the gold medal in 1952. One year from the 19x4 Olympics here, the Americans have two of the best.

Petranoff attributes much of his success to his current coach. Dick Held, who designed a javelin with narrower end.

He often jokes about his sudden rise to world prominence. "I've probably done more for javelinthrowing than anyone else. This. (world) record is bound to be bro-

"When the other top throwers see my mark they're going to say. 'If Tom Petranoff can do it, I sure

Sbortly after he broke the record. Petranoff said: "It felt so easy, almost effortless." That may typify him. It has been

easy for him, and almost effortless. But Helsinki could provide a tougher test in the chase for a World Championship gold

South Africans banned from Dutch Golf Open

LONDON (R) — A Dutch gov- Hemphill bad lengtby meetings ermment decision to ban nine with European tour executive dir-South African golfers from the ector Ken Scholfield, but, despite on August 4 has provoked a sharp government refused to reverse response from South African Professional Golfers' Association Director Jimmy Hemphill.

"It's sickening." he said in Lon-don on Thursday. "especially as golf in South Africa is completely multi-racial. Anyone can become a member of our association be they pink, red or blue."

Hemphili added: "The ban seems to be spreading and you wonder where it is going to happen next. It could result in young South African golfers leaving the European cricuit to go on the United States tour."

Dutch Open starting in Zandvoort strong representations, the Dutch their decision.

South African players were refused entries for the Scandinavian Open in Sweden three weeks ago and were also denied admission to the Tunisian Open which started the European tour in April.

A Dutch foreign ministry spokesman said he was unaware how many South Africans were involved but added that the recent refusal of a visa for South African Ian Palmer would apply to any other applications by South African golfers.

Thompson may miss World Athletics Championships

LONDON (R) - Daley Thompson. Olympic, European and Commonwealth decathlon champion, who is fighting a grom injury, will not compete in the World Athletics Championships in Helsinki next month unless he believes he can win a gold medal.

Thompson, 24. said on Friday: "There is no point in competing if I know I'm going to finish second. If the event was starting today I' wouldn't be able to make it. I'm doing only three hours a day training, instead of my normal seven.

"I'm being allowed to make a late decision and I might as well make use of it. I'll probably decide out there." Thompson, who lost his world

decathlon record to West German ... Juergen Hingsen last month. added: "I'll be disappointed if I don't make it. I bave put in a lot of . work for these championships."

Frank Dick, a member of the British selection panel, said: "We are leaving the decision up to Daley. He is sufficiently proud of his performances to know what is best.

Sun Princess out to prove she is no one-race wonder

ASCOT. England (R) - Sun Princess, runaway winner of the Epsom Oaks last month, has he chance to prove she is no one-race wonder in the King George VI and Queen Elizabeth II Diamond Stakes here on Saturday.

A bay filly by English Prince out of Sunny Valley by Val de Loir. Sun Princess landed odds of 6-1 when she romped home 12 lengths clear in the Oaks. fourth of the English horseracing classics.

her joint favourite at 5-2 with Caerleon in the latest ante-post betting.

That stunning success has made

lnexperience could be the major obstacle to the Oaks winner giving jockey. Willie Carson and trainer Dick-Hern their third sucthe following year.

Sun Princess will find herself rubbing shoulders with battle hardened veterans such as Diamond Shoal ridden by Lester Piggott. and Lancastrian and is unlikely to be given the freedom she enjoyed at Epsom.

Fillies have a good record in this prestigious event and the combined talents of Sun Princess, time Charter and Awaasif could well deny the colts much of the total prize money of £219.632

French-trained all along, another of the fancied fillies, was pulled out of the race Thursday mor-

cess in the one-and-a-half mile ning because of a bout of courace in the past five years. Troy ghing, lockey Greville Starkey won in 1979 and Ela-Mana-Mou won last year on Kalaglow. Canadian-bred Awaasif's joc-

key Bruce Raymond will be hoping that his mount can re-capture the 1982 form which won ber the Yorkshire Oaks and third place m an Arc de Triompbe photo-finish.

Time Charter also bas a proven track record. She was an impressive winner of last year's Oaks and followed up with a runaway victory in the Champion Stakes at Newmarket.

Robert Sangster's Americanbred i'aerleon, winner of the French Derby, is arguably the colt with the best chance of spoiling the tillies' party.

Olympic chief says he expects Soviet Union at 1984 games

LOS ANGELES (R) -Los Angeles Olympics chief Peter Ueberroth said Friday bis organising committee had not received any specific information from the Intemational Olympic Committee concerning any boycott of the 1984 games and the Soviet Union was expected to take part.

Ueberroth, President of the Los Angeles Olympic Organisiog Committee, issued his statement in response to published reports. the Soviet Union might boycott the games if U.S. cruise and Pershing-2 missiles were based in let presence in Afghanistan.

Western Europe. The Los Angeles Times Friday quoted the executive director of the IOC. Mooique Berlioux, as saying she and the IOC President. Juan Antonio Samaranch, feared that if the western allies went ahead with the deployment of the missiles in December, the Soviet Unioo might decide to boycott the games.

The United States led a boycott ... effort against the Moscow Games in 1981) in protest against the Sov-

minutes 59 seconds faster than Annemasse to greet their families EBU says it is not involved in Koopmans drug affair

the top men. having started the degrees centigrade the top men second longest stage of this year's were happy to take it easy. It was

race more than one hour and 33 so relaxed that French riders minutes behind leader Laurent Jean-Philippe Chevallier and Jac-

Fignon's total time is now two nesday's stage. dismounted in

ROME (R) - The European Boxing Union (EBU) is taking no action on allegations that European light-heavyweight champion Rudi Koopmans of the Netherlands took illegal drugs before a title fight earlier this month. a spokesman said on Fri-

day.
The spokesman was commenting on reports that the West German Professional Boxing Association planned to protest to the EBU that Koopmans had

taken illegal steroids. The reports said the presence of the steroids was found in a dope test after Koopmans successfully

telephone. garage and garden.

defended his title against West German Manfred Jassmann in Frankfurt on July 9.

The EBU spokesman said neither of the substances involved adrenaline and testosterone, both naturally found in the body -- was on the list of drugs banned by either the EBU or world boxing org-

"They (the West German association) spoke with us. We said they were not prohibited substances." the spokesman said.

"It's a question that should be dealt with between the Dutch and West German federations. The EBU has nothing to do with it."

Soviet fencer takes nard way to quarterfinals

let Union had to tight his way thr-

orld Lencing Championships.
Remankers bidding for his fifth world rown, was surprisingly defeated by est German Harald lein in the second round of a direct elemination series contested by 32 jencers.

lein ingether with two Italians. hppe () nnes, went on to qualify and's Marian Sypniewski.

Alexander Romankov of the SovBut Romankov had to ion other losers in a repechage comnugh a series of consolation rounds on Friday to qualify for the rierfinal places. His task was made quartertinals of the men's foils easier by a walkover when French individual tournament at the opponent Pascal Jolyot withdrew because of a shoulder injury sustained in an earlier contest against Sergio Favier of Cuba.

Romankov finally clinched his place by victories over fellowcountryman Boris Korietski and West German Franz Beck. The other quarterfinal places were 11 2 unalist Jauro Numa and won by West Germans Mathias Stelano 'erioni, and France's Pbi- Gey and Mathias Behr, and Pol-



erman soccer manager dies at 63

BONN (DaD) — Hennes Weisweiller, who wrote soccer history as manager of Borussia Monchengladhach, has died at 63 after a heart attack, leaving a wife and two-year-old son. Jupp Derwall, the West German national team manager said what many felt: That he would be almost impossible to replace. He was a perfectionist yet gave youngsters time to develop.

They included stars such as Gunter Netzer, Berti Vogts, Jupp Heynefkes, Rainer Bonhot and Uli Stielike. He taught soccer at the Cologne sports academy for many years and was once voted the most popular manager in Bundesliga football by the players despite being a hard taskmaker. He is seen here surrounded by soccer fans.

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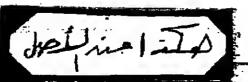
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EEC ministers struggle for accord on '84 spending plan

BRUSSELS (R) - European Economic Community (EEC) governments Friday struggled for a final agreement on Common Market spending plans for 1984. against a background of soaring farm costs and falling revenue.

After 23 hours of negotiations. including an all-night session. finance ministers had agreed on a 52 billion emergency budget to prevent the community running out of cash later in 1983. ...

Officials reported major differences among the ministers on

Britain. West Germany and the Netherlands favoured cuts in huge farm subsides, expected to swallow some two-thirds of expenditure totalling over \$20 billion

France, backed by several other states, was insisting that the farm programme be kept intact, with steep reductions instead in social and regional projects.

Officials said that putting an agreed 5675 million refund for

BIS maintains position on Brazil bridging loan

BASLE (R) — News of a delay of several months before a new deal between the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and Brazil is finally approved was received calmly Friday by the Bank for Intemational Settlements (BIS).

An official spokesman for the Basic-based central bankers' bank said the BIS had not changed its position on a \$400 million bridging loan to Brazil, which it mformally extended last Friday on the assumption that an IMF accord was close.

Brazil, which faces total debts of about \$90 billion, finally reached agreement with the IMF on Monday, but the pact bas to be apptoved by the IMF's executive board.

Thursday Brazil's Central Bank Governor Carlos Langoni said in New York approval by the IMF of the new deal was now unlikely until late September or early Oct-

He said technical details had still to be worked out and the board needed time to study the report of an IMF fact-finding team that visited Brazil

Bankers said the deal would unblock a \$4.9 billion three-year loan programme and the country planned to use the funds to go lowards paying back the BIS

Government officials had said earlier that Brazil was likely to sign a new letter of intent committing itself to the fresh economic targets within the next two weeks.

The official BIS spokesman said Friday be could make no further comment on the bank's arr- ikers on at least two occasions but angements with Brazil other than refer to a statement the BIS issued

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

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2

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1.1

THE BETTER HALF,

I'm too tired to fix the roof! Pretend

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arrold and Bob Leo

Jumbles: LANKY EXACT JERSEY IMPAIR

Answer: What the circus strong man turned crook had to be—A MAN OF "STEAL"

you're at the beach!"

communique gave little hint as to the bank's exact intentions.

The banking world has gen-erally accepted that the BIS will wait for the IMF funds, but since the BIS made its statement, the likely timing of the IMF disbursement has steadily been rolled back

However monetary sources said it was possible the BIS envisaged a louger delay than the 15 to 1 % days cited when it agreed not to call Brazil into default on the \$400

The BIS loan had already been extended twice from its original repayment deadline at the end of May and the BIS President Fritz Leutwiler had stated emphatically at the beginning of last week that there would be no third deferral.

Meanwhile, a general strike called by trade unions to protest against the Brazilian government's economic policies ended without major incidents and only limited effect outside Sao Paulo, the country's main industrial centre.

The 24-hour strike paralysed the city's car industry and replaced the normal frenetic bustle of a working day with the calm of a weekend.

But in the rest of the buge couatry of 125 million people only isolated pockets of workers joined m the strike and protest demonstrations produced disappointing turnouts for the org-

Sao Paulo police said they arrested more than 300 people. Police used tearges and batons to break up concentrations of strin general the stoppage was peaœful.

The strike was called 12 days The statement gave no def- ago by unions angered by a series initive time-scale for the informal of austerity measures which cut extension and the wording of the . the earnings of workers.

by Henri Armold and Bob Lee

USUALLY LIKES.

TO TALK.

By Harris

France insisted that the cash should go into a special reserve fund, to be released only if govemments concurred in a longterm overhaul of the community's finances in December.

Britain wanted the rebate allocated alongside other regular spending. The rebate was agreed on after

fierce bargaining at a community

summit in Stuttgart last month. The London government has autumn provoking a grave crisis, been incensed by a \$55 million cut

The officials said that Britain voted through by its partners in a separate \$275 million refund designed to compensate Britain for higher than expected con-

tributions to community funds in

just where expenditures should be Britain into the budget was also through the emergency budget creating problems. through the emergency budget until the matter could be looked at by a special meeting of foreign affairs ministers.

But the officials said that he won the support of only Denmark. with France leading several countries who insisted a decision be taken immediately if the com-munity was not to grind to a halt.

Thursday it was reported that, if the new funds were not agreed then the trading bloc would be unable to pay its farmers in the

would now get back a net figure off around \$220 million on its 1982 budget payments, compared with the \$275 million it felt entitled to under an agreement reached last October.

British Deputy Finance Min-ister Nieholas Ridley had earlier around \$45 million in the extra urged his colleagues not to vote spending for farmers.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Share prices drifted to close lower as the week ended on a quiet note, dealers said. At 1400 GMT the F.T. index was down 2.5 at 708.4.

Dealers said interest was centred on a handful of stocks, and no overall trend emerged in the absence of a clear lead from Wall Street. Banks fell as concern over international debt was renewed following the failure in Congress through lack of support of measures to increase the U.S. contribution to the IMF.

Government bonds ended around 1/8 point lower in long dates. reflecting a weak U.S. bond market. Golds fell with the bullion price, but U.S. shares were mixed with a firmer bias.

In banks, Barclays fell 18p at 479, while Lloyds and Natwest each shed 13p. In stores. Boots was a firm feature, gaining 10p at 307 on favourable comment following Thursday's annual meeting, dealers said, but Marks and Spencer fell 4p to 197.

Grand Met ended a penny higher at 358, below its 363 high on a lack of follow through U.S. buying interest. Distillers was firm in early trade, but fell back following poor results from its subsidiary United Glass to show a net 2p gain at 222 after 227.

Among companies reporting Friday, John Brown gained 3p at

28 as talks continue with Hawker Siddeley on the possible sale of John Brown Engineering, Oavy Corp rose 5p to 51p and Gestetner added 4p at 45. Dull oils had B.P. down 4p at 502.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One sterling

1.5235/45 1.2334/37 2.5870/80 2.8940/50 2.1000/15

51.76/80 7.7830/60 1530.50/1531.50 239.90/240.05

7.6850/6900 7.3335/X5

9.3190/3240 One ounce of gold 423.75/424.25 U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs ltalian lire

Danish crowns

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

U.S. dollars

NEWS IN BRIEF

Egypt reports increased exports

CAIRO (R) - Egypt reported Friday a \$94 million rise in agricultural exports during the first quarter of the year. Economy and Foreign Trade Minister Mustafa Al Said said farm exports during the first quarter of the year totalled \$564 million, compared with \$470 millions in the first quarter of 1982.

John Brown announces big loss

LONDON (R) - John Brown, one of the famous names of British engineering. Friday announced a big annual loss and the resignation of its top executive. The company, which made a profit of £14 million (\$21 million) the previous year, plunged £8.6 million (\$13.1 million) into the red for the 12 months ended on March 3f. Sir John Mayhew-Sanders. 51. who resigned as the results were published, had been chief executive since 1975 and chairman since 1978 of the company which specialises in machine tools, turbines and plant contracting, largely for export.

Finland to pay more for Soviet oil

HELSINKI (R) - Finland is to pay more for Soviet crude oil, the state-owned importing company Neste said Friday. Well-placed sources said the new price would be \$29,50 a barrel backdated to July 1. This means an increase of 50 cents a barrel on the 520 Finland has been paying since May 1, when the price rose by the same amount. Finland is scheduled to buy some eight million tonnes of Soviet crude this year.

W. German economy grows by 1%

BONN (R) - The West German economy, the strongest in Western Europe, grew by one per cent in the first six months of 1983 and could now overshoot the expected growth rate for the full year, a senior official said Friday. This meant a favourable start for 1984 when the Grass National Product (GNP), the total value of goods and services produced, could realistically be expected to rise 2.5 per cent.

Chrysler reports record earnings

DETROIT (R) - Chrysler Thursday reported record earnings for the second quarter running. Chrysler said it earned \$310.3 million in the three-month period, the largest profits for any period in its history. Sales advanced sharply to \$3.57 billion. Chrysler's dramatic advance in earnings for the 1983 second quarter came from a 17.5 per cent increase in factory sales of its cars and trucks to 416.341 from 354,2116 units in the previous 1983 quarter. In this year's first quarter. Chrysler had earnings of \$172.1 million, on sales of 3.10 billion.

Gulf bank boosts income

BAHRAIN (R) - The Bank of Bahrain and Kuwait said its net income in the first half of 1983 rose 15.6 per cent to 7.17 million Bahraim omars (\$19.02 million) from 6.20 million dinars (\$16.45 million) in the first half of last year. But the bank's assets declined to ×1 × million Bahraini dinars (\$2.17 billion) on June 30 this year. from \$42 million dinars (\$2.23 billion) a year earlier. The bank attributed the decline in assets primarily to reduced activity in the interbank markets.

OPEC Fund council meets

VIENNA (OPECNA) - A special session of the ministerial council of the OPEC Fund for International Development is being held Friday to appoint a new director general. Indonesian Finance Minister Radius Prawirn, current council chairman, will preside over the meeting. Finance ministers and delegates from other OPEC countries will participate. The council had set up a six-country committee last May to assess candidates for the position. Its report will be considered Friday. Mr. Ibrahim Shihata. who has headed the fund since its inception in 1976, is leaving next month to join the World Bank as vice president and general counsel.

Peanuts









Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to pretty much confine yourself to whatever worldly tasks and obligations or responssibilities face you so that you can build up your good name and credit.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Fine day to find out what your position is in the business world and how you can best improve it. Seek assistance.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Get into the practical details of any new outlets you are contemplating to get into so that you know what you are doing. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Do only those practical

things that are important and then get busy trying to please your loved one more. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A fine week-

end to find out what allies expect of you and make a list of them. Handle these tasks with alacrity. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Good day for catching up on

Saturday routines that you have been neglecting lately as well as other practical affairs.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Do only those things that are necessary and then out for recreation that you need to rebeve tensions. Watch your money.

LIBRA |Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Get your home fixed up more as you want it to be and feel happier there in the future. Entertain tonight. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Get your shopping done

more efficiently today and save time and money. Later enjoy the company of good friends. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study your property for possibla needed repairs and make any changes

around the house you like. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Good day to do whatever will improve your personal appearance and

make you feel more sure of yourself. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Forget about being gregarious now and study your finances and property and know how you stand.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Talk to a good friend who can assist you in gaining benefits you desire and should have. See long-lost friends tonight.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . be or she will be able to go ahead with a practical plan once every angle of it is well atudied and understood. Be sure to give an academic education and then you can be sure your progeny will become successful.

"Tha Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword

by Marie West 28 Debtor'a 23 Affray 49 Jury groups 52 Delightful 24 - diem 25 Of birds 29 Bandlaader 56 Muse of Brown poetry 57 Practical 26 Bank deals 29 Certain

okar

62 Watches

63 Obscurant

DOWN

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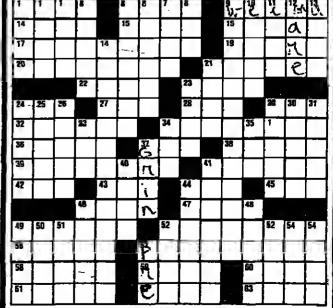
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54 Trawler 13 Cry of equipmen 55 Harness regret 18 Continu 57 Before: pref.



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Israel reported arming 'Contras'

Managua claims naval attack

MANAGUA (R) — Nicaragua has said El Salvadorean vessels attacked two of its fishing boats in the Gulf of Fonseca on the same day it reported a naval battle there between Nicaraguan and Honduran ships.

Filipinos continue protest

in Davao military camp

The second incident was revealed when the government in gulf. Managua published a protest note sent to El Salvador. The note said two armed Salvadorean launches attacked two fishing boats at dawn Thursday close to the Nicaraguan

The attackers had withdrawn by the time a Nicaraguan patrol boat arrived on the scene. Nicaragua said in its protest to Salvadorean Foreign Minister Fidel Chavez

The government here said Thursday that two Honduran coast guard vessels and a Nicaraguan patrol boat fought a 911-minute hattle on Wednesday in waters close to the scene of the second

It did not mention casualties or News Agency (ANN) Thursday

have expressed concern about the

for alleged subversive activities

who are on a hunger strike in a

military camp in the southern Phi-

fasting, were weak and at least

a group called Citizens for Human

Rights and Social Transformation

June 15, eating only a morning

meal of rice and fish, in protest

against what they described as

in Davao, 600 kilometres sou-

They were also demanding the

prosecution of guards whom they

accuse of raping women det-

ike on July 14 after military off-

icials refused most of their dem-

ands. They were granted an extra-

two hours outside their cells in the

afternoon, instead of only two

A spokesman for the human

rights group said military officials

let the two doctors see the det-

ainees Wednesday but had ind-

icated no further such visits would

assing the relatives to help stop the

hunger strike but the detainees

said they will hold on and will not

BY CHARLES GOREN

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EAST

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West deals.

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The bidding:

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give up." the spokesman said.

Soldiers have also been har-

hours in the morning.

be allowed.

said Thursday.

(CHRISTI.

theast of Manila.

condition of 40 people detained

damage in either incident in the

The note urged the Salvadorean government to take measures to avoid anacks such as Thursday's and said the incident "adds new elements of tension to the already-difficult situation in Cen-

ıral America." Both El Salvador and Honduras have previously accused Nicaragua of channelling arms to lett-wing guerrillas fighting the Salvadorean army, with the Gulf of Fonseca serving as one of the

several supply lines. A senior Nicaraguan tield commander meanwhile predicted fresh fighting in the north of the

country bordering Honduras. The official new Nicaragua

quoted Javier Pichardo, military chief of Nicaragua's northwestern region. as saying the Hondurans had brought into position tour infantry and two artillery barralions between the Honduran villages of Las Trojes and Cifuentes.

Pichardo said there were signs the Hondurans were preparing to use heavy moriars to support U.S.-backed Nicaraguan insurgents preparing to launch a fresh invasion in the north.

Israeli weapons NEW YORK (R) - The New York Times reported Thursday that Israel had agreed to a U.S. request to send captured Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) arms to Honduras for eventual use by Nicaraguan rebels.

Quoting senior Reagan administration officials, the newspaper said the arms shipments included artillery, mortar rounds, mines and hand grenades.

The State Department had no immediate comment on the Times' report.

2 Chinese provinces MANILA (R) - Two doctors year without charges being filed

against them in court, another church-backed group said. The group, called task force detainees, said many of them complained that they had been tortured during interrogation.

lippines, a human rights group Among those being held were a Two detainees, in eighth day of Roman Catholic priest and a West German pastor who the military four of them, including two said were the leaders of the hunger women, had to be fed intrastrike, a spokesman for the CHRIST group told Reuters. venously, said a spokesman lor

Church to name detainees

They began a partial tast on BACOLOD. Philippines (R) -The Roman Catholic Church is to provide President Ferdinand Marcos with a list of people detained on special presidential ordinhumane conditions in the camp ers whose human rights are alleged to have been violated. Bishop Antonia Fortich said Thu-

Bishop Fortich, a prominent supporter of human rights activists in the Philippines, said Mr. They began their full hunger sur-Marcos asked for the list when he met a delegation from the Cat holic bishops' conference earlier

this week in Manila. And the Philippine government said Thursday it would not issue a passport to Beningno Aquino, the arch political foe of President Marcos now living in the United States, until it has stopped groups here who allegedly want to kill

The foreign ministry said it has ordered the Philippine consulgeneral in New York to delay issuing a passport or travel document to Vlr. Acquino who has said he Many of the striking detainees will return to the Philippines next month after three years in the U.S. Thave been held for more than a

opened to foreigners

PEKING (R) - China has opened to foreigners two of its most accessible provinces. Qinghai in Central Asia and Ningxia, a mainly viuslim region in the northwest, the People's Daily said

Thursday. The official newspaper named Il newly-opened areas, including the industrial centres of Nantong. Huzhou and Jiaxing near Shanghai and Weifang in the northern

province of Shangdong. Foreigners will be restricted to Xining, the capital of Qinghai, and to nearby Huanzhong County. while in Ningxia they will be able to visit the capital Yinchuan, and Zhongwei County which is on the Great Wall.

The People's Daily said foreigners would require travel permits from the public security burarea, unlike 29 towns named last October for which such documents are not necessary.

'Cut red tape'

PEKING (R) - The People's Daily fired a fresh broadside at China's bureaucrats Thursday attacking unnecessary red tape and complaining that many officials did little else except compile use-

less documents. The Communist Party newspaper said one ministry issued more than 2,tititi documents last year containing 26 million characters, while 12 senior officials spent six weeks studying a petition to city leaders without any action

being taken. The paper said many officials were ignoring calls to streamline China's sprawling bureaucracy and that administrative reforms could fail because of a refusal to

carry them out. 'If old work methods are not changed, red tape will continue to flourish... even creating a danger that the reforms will fail after being only half completed." it said in a front-page commentary.

People's daily has already urged officials to cut out time-wasting meetings, saying too many of them lasted two weeks instead of a few days and consisted mainly of useless speeches.

Bolivian coalition in trouble

LA PAZ (R) - Bolivia's second strongest party has refused to rejoin the ruling left-wing coalition. apparently casting doubts on Pre-sident Herman Siles Zuazo's ability to end political in-fighting.

The Movement of the Revolutionary Left (MIR), which withorew its six ministers in January after disagreement over government policies. sent a letter Thursday to the president accusing him of aggravating the economic crisis by accepting all the recommendations of the International Monetary Fund (1MF).

Bolivia has sought a loan from the IMF to help overcome problems with repayments of its foreign debts and some critics believe the fund has imposed excessively lough conditions.

Government sources said that at a meeting with MIR leaders Thursday night Mr. Siles Zuazo offered them four cabinet posts. Last week the planning and finance ministers resigned saying they were quitting to help resolve a rift in the government of the Popular and Democratic Union (UDP) coalition.

Outspoken Irish socialist named among 17 new life peers in U.K.

LONDON (R1 - Roman Catholic socialist Gerry Fitt. an outspoken critic of political violence in Northern Ireland, and former Prime Minister Sir Harold Wilson are to join Brhain's peers in the House of Lords.

They were among 17 new life peers approved Thursday by Queen Elizabeth to mark the end of the last Parliament just before a general election on June 4. All 17 were at one time members of the main legislative chamber, the House of Commons.

Vir. Fin. 57, was dubbed the bravest member of parliament"

Thursday by another prominent into his house while he was in politician who becomes a lord. London and set it ablaze. former Liberal Party\leader Jo

In 1976, he had to scare off a mob who invaded his Belfast

A founder and ex-leader of the Social Democratic and Labour Party, Mr. Fitt atood as an ind-During his turbulent 30-year Party, Mr. Fitt atood as an ind-career in politics, Mr. Fitt has raie ependent in last month's general remist in Northern Ireland by his a leading member of Sinn Fein. life-long stand against violence the legal political wing of the out-despite favouring a United Ire-lawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) which is fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland.

Mr. Adams reacted icily to the home with a pistol he always car- news of Mr. Fitt's elevation. calries for his protection. But two ling it "the big reward for years of weeks ago youths managed to get loyal service to the British crown."

'Hot autumn' high on NATO agenda

BRUSSELS (R) - An increase in protests by disarmament cam-paigners in the run-up to the deployment of new nuclear missiles in Europe will be a major talking point at two key NATO meetings this week. officials of the Western alliance said.

The meetings, both chaired by the United States, will be the last before what is known here as the "hot autumn" of protests gets underway. the NATO officials

The last round of U.S.-Soviet talks aimed at stopping the deployment of U.S. Pershing and cruise missiles at the end of this year begins in early September. This means that next week's meetings will also be the last formal chance for the allies to advise the Ame-

ricans on new tactics. Uppermost in the minds of

a loss to explain a new series of

aircraft hijackings to Havana, but

they generally discount a theory

promoted by Cuban exiles in

Miami that it is part of a plot by Cuban President Fidel Castro.

Since May 1. eight American

planes have been diverted to Cuba

and a ninth. a Northwest Orient

Boeing 727, was just spared the

journey Thursday when pas-

sengers and crew intervened and

overpowered a would-be hijacker.

Havana costs an airline up to

\$25,000 in crew wages. loss of "in

service" aircraft time, fuel and

landing fees that have to be paid at

Havana's Jose Marti airport.

Nobody has been burt in the inc-

idents and all the planes have ret-

urned safely to Florida.

Each unscheduled stopover in

U.S. rejects theory

Cuba ordered hijacks

VIA.MI(R) - U.S. officials are at getting tough with sky pirates after

during the 1970s.

ishing hijackers:

our community"

those taking part in the meetings will be the attitudes of the public in their own countries.

Diplomats said it was vital that he West should be seen to be ing all it could to bring success at the talks, even if almost all NATO officials were now convinced that only deployment will force Moscow into serious neg-

Castro government is really pun-

Referring to a sea-borne exodus

which brought about 125,000

Cubans to Florida in 1980. Mr.

Gonzalez said that Dr. Castro

"sent a big group of people pre-pared in the intelligence to disturb

(U.S. society) and they are here in

Hijackers, Mr. Gonzalez sug-

gested, may be "Castro agents"

taking a quick and easy way bome

or participants in a"plot" in which

Dr. Castro would use the issue of

aerial piracy as a bargaining chip

in future negotiations with the

Ken Scoug, director of the U.S.

State Department's office of

Cuban affairs, rejected the plot

appy and wanted to be saved." Harare plans to

appease ghosts

NEWS

BRIEF

VICTORIA (R) — Seychelles

President Albert Rene Friday

pardoned six mercenaries jailed

for their part in a foiled coup att-

empt in 1981. A statement issued

by the state house said the six. four

of whom bad been sentenced to

death, would be deported to South

Africa Saturday morning. Zim-

babweans Frank Brooks and

Roger England. South African Jeremiah Puren and Briton Ber-

nard Carey were sentenced to

death last July and two more South Africans. Martin Dolinchek

and Robert Sims, were jailed. The

statement said the mercenaries

had tried to topple President Rene in November 1981 because "they

were falsely made to believe that

the Seychelles people were unh-

IN

Rene pardons

6 mercenaries

HARARE (R) - Harare city council has decided to stage an appeasement ceremony for ghosts believed to be haunting a new housing estate. A meeting at town house in the Zimbabwean capital voted unanimously to provide a beast for slaughter and to donate 550 towards the troubled occtreating them relatively leniently upants of Warren Hills housing estate. No details emerged of the The president-elect of Miami'a planned ritual. But an expert on Latin Chamber of Commerce. African tradition told Reuters that Eloy Gorizalez, says U.S. officials are "crazy" if they believe the normally an ox would be slaughtered ceremoniously and its meat offered, with quantities of beer, to the restless spirits.

WWF mourns baby panda's death

GLAND, Switzerland (R) - The World Wildlife Fund (WWF) flag featuring a giant panda flew at half mast over its headquarters bere Friday to mourn the death of apanda cub in the United States. The panda was born at Washington zoo Thursday but survived only a few hours. The birth. the first in the U.S., followed years of attempts to mane its mother. Ling-Ling. and the use of artificial insemination.

Mixed results at Soviet film festival

MOSCOW (R) - Morocean. Nicaraguan and Soviet films took the gold medals when the results of the 13th international Moscow film festival were announced Thursday. The winning films were 'Amok'. by Moroccan director Souheil Ben Barka, "Vassa" by the Soviet Union'a Gleb Panfilov. and Nicaragua's "Alcion and the Condor". directed by Miguel Littin. Silver medals went to "Equilibrium" (Bulgaria). "Dr. Faustus" (West Germany) and "Grazing Horses on Asphalt" (Czechoslovakia). The jury awarded prizes for best actress to Judy Davis of Australia for her part in 'Winter of Our Dreams" and Jesaica Lange of the United States for her role in "Frances". The men's awards were given to Wirgiliusz Gryn of Poland for the film "Pastorale Heroica" and Yoshi Kato of Japan for "Home Village".

Animal rabies reported in U.K.

LONDON (R) - Officials have confirmed the first animal rabies case in Britain for 13 years. The disease killed a dog which had been in routine quarantine since arriving from the United States a month ago, the ministry of agriculture said. A ministry spokesman said the victim, an Irish wolfhound, had been isolated from other animals and there was no reason to suspect it had passed on the disease.

Indonesian general approves killings

JAKARTA (R) - The speaker of

the Indonesian Parliament. Gen. Amir Machmud, said Thursday he personally approved of the summary killing of hundreds of suspected criminals throughout the country in recent months. Gen. Machmud did not directly attribute the killings to government agents. but he said the govemment's efforts to combat crime should be appreciated. Speaking to reporters after meeting President Suharto, he said the appearance of mysterious gunmen who have yet to be officially identified was a response to a mounting crime wave.

'Sex films' lawyers clash

LOS ANGELES (R) - A lawyer appear before a court on Monday for Robert Steinberg, who cla-imed to have had films showing senior Reagan administration officials in sex acts. said Thursday night his client does not have the movies and would refuse to say whether he ever had them.

Leonard Levine said he would go before a municipal court Friday to ask that Mr. Steinberg should

to say what happened to the films, District attorney (prosecutor) Robert Philibosian promptly announced his office would insist that Mr. Steinberg appear. Mr. Levine told reporters Mr.

Steinberg did not have the films. Asked if his client ever had them. Mr. Levine replied; "That is one of the questions he would refuse to not have to obey a subpoena to answer, and I can't comment".

Samantha ends USSR visit

MONTREAL (R) - Samantha Smith, the 11-year-old American girl invited to vish the Soviet Union by Yuri Andropov. returned Thursday, saying the Soviet Union was a nice place to visit but she wouldn't want to live there. She said the Soviet people "are

so much like us ... there is no chance they want war at all". Samantha said she enjoyed her two-week visit but said that while "the Soviet Union is nice to visit" she would rather live in her small inded him of Becky Thatcher

hometown of Manchester. Maine. Tom Sawyer's girlfriend. Samantha said that Soviet chiam" but added that they were album.

BOSTON (R) - Low tar and nic-

otine cigarettes, bought by many

smokers who think they are safer.

are no less harmful than regular

cigarettes, according to a team of

Reporting in the New England

Journal of Medicine, the group-

said that smokers of so-called

'low yield" cigarettes consume as

much nicotine as regular smokers.

amounts listed by cigarette man-

ufacturers and in federal trade

commission tests do not acc-

urately reflect the amount of nic-

otine a smoker inhales because the

tests are conducted on machines

Advertisements

"Advertisements from cigarette

manufacturers suggesting that

smokers of low yield cigarettes

will be exposed to less tar and nic-

otine are misleading," the res-

in an editorial in the journal.

Dr. Claude Lenfant of the Nat-

They also found the nicotine

six California doctors.

not people.

earchers said.

"not really" very interested in

what Americans are like. Samantha appeared tired after her 10-hour Aeroflot flight from Moscow. Leaving the airport, she was whisked off in a Soviet consulate car to a Montreal hotel where she was to spend the night

before returning to Maine Friday. She had brought Mr. Andropov a surprise gift of a collection of Mark Twain's writings because in his letter to her he said she rem-

In return the Soviet leader gave ldren were "pretty much like I Samantha a samovar and a photo

ional Heart, Lung and Blood Institute in Washington, said the

study showed that "despite sed-

uctive advertisements, there is no

less hazardous, safer cigarette."

No such claims

But William Toohey, director of

media relations for the Tobacco

Institute. a trade group for U.S.

cigarette makers, said the industry

has never claimed that the tar and

nicotine numbers reflect what an

don't suggest there's a difference"

between regular and low-yield brands." The low-yield eigarettes.

low-yield cigarettes contribute to

as many heart attacks and just as

much lung deterioration as other

Mr. Toohey also said: "We

individual smoker will inhale.

The hijackers, in one case a family of seven, have been seen being U.S. on other issues.

led away in handcuits by police or soldiers.

They face stiff prison sentences. Cuban authorities say, and U.S. theory in a recent television intofficials confirm the Cubans are erview.

Low tar and nicotine cigarettes not safer, study says Shopland said evidence that the Concentrated on nicotine

According to Donald Shopland.

an official of the U.S. Public Hea-Ith Service's office on smoking and health, the health effect of nicotine "goes beyond addiction". He said recent studies have ind-

icated that nicotine may accelerate the cancer-producing effects of the tars in tobacco smoke. narrow blood vessels and make the heart go faster.

Nicoune is obviously a poison in high doses," he said. Nicotine is not the only area in

are there because they're meeting The study conducted by doctors affilated with the University of California in San Francisco follows other reports showing that

The study concentrated on nicotine, the chemical responsible for eausing addiction to cigarettes and which, unlike tar, can be measured in the buman body.

which the California study may

Related to tar

The amount of nicotine in a cigarette is related to the level of tar.

tobacco of "low yield" cigarettes does not contain less nicotine may mean that the tar levels in those cigarettes are also higher than smokers have been led to believe.

For example, federal trade commission conaultants found that the tar level in one low-tar brand was three to seven times higher than the value produced when special FTC machines "smoked" cigarettes.

Dr. Neal Benowitz, chief author of the California study, said "low vield' cigarenes appear to have low tar and low nicotine levels because they "are designed mostly to fool the FTC machine." He added, "when the tobacco

companies realised there might be a market for low yield eigarettes. they began to figure out waya to make digarettes look like they were low yield by having them burn fastern or adding filters."

He said smokers unconsciously compensated for low nicotine levels by smoking more cigarettes or smoking them differently.

Brazilian sick economy, stopgap measures may lead to unrest By Richard Waddington

brands.

consumer demand."

SAO PAULO. Brazil - Austerity measures introduced by the Brazilian government to cope with the country's vast foreign debt will cut deeply into the pockets of workers -- and social unrest already brought on by unemployment and soaring inflation is worsening as a result.

Last April Sao Paulo, the industrial heart of Brazil, was shaken by disturbances over unemployment. Since then thousands more workers in the city have lost their jobs and the rate of wage increases won by those still in work began to fall behind inf-

lation. Demonstrations and strikes in Sao Paulo by the key oil refinery and metalworkers unions have undermined Brazil's reputation tor stability.

Now a one-day national strike in protest against the austerity policies is set for Thursday, with extra momentum given by the announcement that wages will be all-

owed to rise by only four-fifths of th 127-per-cent inflation rate.

The climate is right for a strike." said Joaquim dos Santos Andrade, whose Sao Paulo metalworkers rank as Brazil's biggest union. More than 311 unions joined in calling for the Thursday str-

The government aims to bring inflation under control by euts in public spending as well as lower rage rises.

The latest belt-tightening provided a breakthrough in the protracted bargaining with the Intemational Monetary Fund (IMF) over freeing a blocked \$4.9 billion loan agreement.

should allow Brazil to keep finaneing its 590 billion foreign debt. the biggest in the developing world, foreign bankers said.

But union leaders estimate that the government's wage-rise restriction would cut the purchasing power of most Brazilian workers by 35 per cent this year.

Earlier this month oil refinery workers staged their first strike for nearly 20 years to protest at the

euts in public spending which they fear threaten their jobs.

Janeiro in the largest demonstration held there for 10 years.

NEWS ANALYSIS

With its population of 125 million growing at two per cent a a lid on unemployment.

But the country's economie advance was halted by the oil crisis of 1979-80 and rising international interest rates.

Although the government is 1982 and declining the year bef-

moloyment at only seven per cent.

real level of unemployed and underemployed is as high as 20 per cent.

Former Finance Minister Car-

mployment pay and people who debt. lose their jobs must resort to any means they can find. The problem in Sao Paulo is

growth during the early 1970s. which means it attracts the poor and dispossessed from all over-Brazil. From 1975 to 1980, the city's

Last month-the Sao Paulo state government distributed some 800,000 percels of basic food to

But one civil rights organisation attached to the Roman Catholic Church said the situation of the

desperate by the day.-Announcing the new salary law last week. President Joso Figueiredo - who has since had open heart surgery in the United States -- called on Brazilians to make more sacrifices to avoid an open

In an earlier economic package the government had withdrawn

area. Dom Clandio Humnes, has declared: "The government was saying

The bishop added however: "Brazilians are by nature pacific

and they have not yet reached the point of explosion". The government is hoping the

[Jeine Jah]

both six clubs and five spades

♦ J7 Bob Hamman of Dalias is the top-ranked American on the World Bridge Federation's master point list. He will get a chance to close in on the leaders at this year's World Team Championship, where the U.S. No. 1 teamwill probably start aa favorites to win the Bermuda

4 .

Bowl. Here's an example of his skill from the Spingold Championship last summer. In competitive situations with distributional hands, it is usually wiser to bid one more than to elect to defend. Even though it seems that

BEWARE OF THE RED MENACE North-South vulnerable. must go down a trick, it is by no means easy for the defenders to collect their tricks against a spade con-

GOREN BRIDGE

tract, as Hamman demonstrated. West led the king of clubs against five spades and continued with the ace. Hamman discarded his heart. Now the defenders missed their last chance when West shifted to a heart. Declarer played dummy's nine and ruffed East's queen. He then ran his trumps, coming down to this

position: NORTH **♥** 33 OA9 WEST EAST **+** --♥ 108 0 Q 105 SOUTH **+** 2 ♦ K32

When Hamman led his last trump and discarded the low heart from dummy, East had to retain the ace of hearts to guard against the knave in dummy. Therefore, he was forced to part with a diamond. Hamman now scored three diamond tricks for his contract.

To break the squeaze, the defeaders must play a diamond. Obvious, isn't it?

A new accord with the IMF

They were backed by car workers near Sao Paulo, whose sto-

ppage virtually shut down the country's motor industry. Late last month thousands of employees of state-owned comnanies took to the streets of Rio de

year. Brazil needs to create a million new jobs annually just to keep

predicting slight growth for this vear, many leading experts forecast that the economy will actually shrink after stagnating in

Government figures put une-

However, unions and many independent economists say the

Social convulsion

los Rischbieter said recently he feared unemployment would bring on a social convulsion. In Brazil there is no une-

magnified by the city's former success in powering the country's

shanty-town population rose from 116,000 to 350,000 and church officials say the rate of increase has at least been maintained since then.

poor and jobless was getting more

default on the country's foreign

petrol and wheat price rises from the index used to adjust wages for inflation. One bishop in the Sao Paolo

last year the economic decline had reached its lowest point but now there seems to be no limit'.

country's passive tradition bolds.